

## URGED TO TIGHTEN GRIP OF THE NAVY

British Govt. Called Upon to Make Blockade of Germany Closer

## MANY AT MEETING IN LONDON TO-DAY

Enormous Quantities of Commodities Said to Be Reaching Enemy

London, Feb. 14.—A largely-attended meeting for the purpose of urging the government to establish a more effective blockade against the central powers was held in London this afternoon. Baron Davenport, chairman of the port authority of London, presided. The discussion hinged on the following resolution:

"That this meeting of citizens of London, viewing with grave alarm the enormous quantities of commodities reaching the enemy through the North sea, calls upon his majesty's government to give our navy freedom to exercise fuller and more effective use of our seapower in the war."

## TELL OF TREATMENT IN GERMAN CAMPS

Seven Canadians Sent Back; In Need of Parcels Sent Them.

London, Feb. 14.—From remarks made by medical officers, it appears that the seven Canadians repatriated from Germany as unfit for further military service, namely, Privates Ashleigh, Third Battalion; R. Cannon, J. Mackie, 1st; J. Green, R. Lang, 5th; A. Hertier, 1st; and S. Van Mill, 5th, have returned in better condition than those preceding them, largely because of the arrival of Red Cross parcels, which are being received now more regularly, and also because German surgery is not so terribly bad as in some earlier cases.

Pte. Van Mill, speaking to a press representative, said the surgical treatment had been good—so good that on his arrival in London he had been told by a medical officer that whoever had treated him was a first-rate surgeon. A surgeon assistant actually had travelled with him as far as Aachen to look after him.

Cpt. Robert Lang, who formerly was an employee of the T. Eaton Co., Toronto, said that at Hogenessem, where he had been taken to a hospital, the doctors had been kind and skilful, but the food none too good, and the supply of bread inadequate.

Capt. Harvey Died There.

Captain Harvey, a Canadian officer, had died at that hospital while he was there.

Lang later had been moved to Cologne, where the "treatment" was distinctly better, due to the fact that the wounded were looked after by Russian prisoners. The Belgian prisoners, being cooks, had got all the pleasant jobs. Afterwards he had been transferred to a camp at the same place. Here the food was very bad and the men would have starved if they had not received parcels. Lang himself had not received many, but the prisoners had divided themselves into groups of three or four and shared the parcels, so he got his share of the good things.

The soup given the prisoners was miserable, and one would need a microscope to find a trace of meat in it. The Belgians who came to the camp also naturally had looked after themselves first, so the prisoners had got little or very poor food. They were dependent on the parcels sent from Britain and Canada.

Capt. S. H. Kent, 3rd Battalion, recently wounded slightly, has returned to duty. Lieut. R. D. West, 27th Battalion, with a gunshot wound in his left arm, is in a hospital in France. Lieut. N. M. MacLean, 13th Battalion, and Pte. G. R. Chetwynd, Canadian Engineers, are both in hospital in London.

## FIRE AT MUNITIONS PLANT IN SCHENECTADY

Schenectady, N. Y., Feb. 14.—The plant of the General Electric company was the scene of a fire to-day. The blaze finally was extinguished by the company's private fire department and no report was made to the city police or fire authorities. Officials of the company withheld all information regarding the fire.

The burned building was a small one-story structure of concrete. Formerly it was used as an overall factory, but was occupied by the General Electric company a few months ago and made into a plant for the manufacture of shell casings. There were no explosives or inflammable material in the buildings.

## MEASURES AGAINST GERMANY DISCUSSED

Wilson and Minister to Holland Talked of Allies' Blockade

## THEY ALSO TALKED OF REMOVAL OF MAIIS

Austria's Announcement on Armed Merchantmen Has Reached Washington

## ONE RIGDEN FINED; OTHERS TO PRISON

Members of Fownes Company, Glove Manufacturers, Sentenced in London

## GOODS FROM GERMANY FOR NEW YORK BRANCH

Washington, Feb. 14.—Interference with American trade and mails by the entente powers was discussed to-day at a conference between President Wilson and Henry Van Dyke, American minister at The Hague. Information brought by Dr. Van Dyke is to be used by this government in framing the note to Great Britain on contraband.

Dr. Van Dyke said embargoes against re-exportation have been placed by The Netherlands on practically all articles on the contraband and conditional contraband lists. The increased American trade with European neutrals was due largely, he thought, to the shutting off of other sources of supply.

Dr. Van Dyke took the position that American trade with Europe was flourishing in spite of the obstacles thrown in its way.

A formal report on the removal of mail by Great Britain from the liner Rotterdam has been made to the state department by Dr. Van Dyke, who came home on the ship. It is expected that the information will be used in a note to Great Britain when that country formally replies to the American protest against mail seizures.

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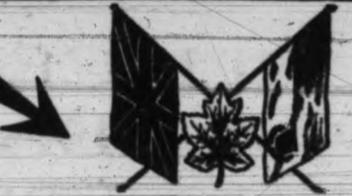
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### NO BEEF NOW IN TURKISH CAPITAL

Conditions Approaching Famine Enver Pasha Has Made His Father Prefect

Milan, Feb. 14.—Enver Pasha, Turkish minister of war, has had his father appointed prefect of Constantinople, according to the correspondent at Salonica of one of the papers here.

Mohammed V. is sultan of Turkey by permissive lease of the throne, granted by the Young Turks, of whom the foremost, most authoritative and most vicious is Enver Pasha. If Mohammed V. offends, it will be announced that his death was due to long illness, as was the case with Yusser Izzedin, held to the throne, who was unpopular with the Young Turks and was assassinated.

Approaching Famine.

A traveler just from Constantinople told the correspondent of conditions there. He said:

"In Constantinople one realizes the war pressure more than in any other great capital in the war zone. I have been there a few months ago, but to-day things are much worse. The dearth of the necessities of life is now of an alarming nature. The condition of affairs approaches famine. The price of sugar is five shillings a pound and coffee is six shillings a pound. Cigarettes are 40 per cent dearer, which is a great hardship to the Turks, who smoke almost constantly. There is no chocolate, kerosene, cheese, rice or

beef in the city, and other necessities of daily life are very high or unattainable.

Germans Are Busy.

The Germans, aided by Enver Pasha, who is currying favor with them, are making a great effort to Germanize Constantinople and as much of the rest of Turkey as they can.

"Stop signs must be written only in Turkish or German—no other language is allowed as a rule. This holds good for window signs and placards. In order to avoid the employment of the hated language several Hellenes, that is, Greeks of the kingdom, who had been allowed to use their mother tongue, have hit upon the plan of writing out their former French signs, such as 'Restaurant Central' or 'Chemise Universelle,' in Greek letters, according to modern Greek pronunciation, whereby the signs have become almost unintelligible."

"Yielding to the efforts of the Germans to increase their hold on Turkey, the Turkish 'minister of education' some time ago formed a plan for translating it eruditely German professors to the academic groves of Stamboul, where they were to instruct in Ural-Alata philology, astronomy, experimental psychology and a number of other recondite subjects, for which young Turkey was thought by the Germans to be thirsting."

Would Not Understand.

"But on second thoughts leading Constantinople newspapers questioned the wisdom of transplanting these learned men to Turkish soil, mainly on the ground that Turkish students would have difficulty in following lectures, even the most eloquent, unless they were delivered in the language of the Turks. The German embassy sought to smooth out the difficulty by suggesting that the professors might suggest their first year in Stamboul learning Turkish, but in view of the crabbiness of Turkish linguistics it was pointed out that a year was far too short a time to acquire this knowledge, and that the scheme had better be abandoned. The proposed move made by the spartan 'university of education' is to build a sort of lyceum for the German professors, where they will be supreme, and where they can lecture in their native language to such members of the 'university' as may care to be instructed in Ural-Alata philology and applied psychology."

Filled Great Plain.

Last evening I dined with a gentleman who had come up out of Persia a few months ago, just about the time the last great exodus took place. He relates that on the arrival of his train at Auln, on the great Erivan Plain, he saw one of the most moving sights of his life. That great level plain was black with a slow-moving mass of humanity that seemed to fill and overflow the horizon as far as the eye could see. He states that they must have numbered close on to 250,000 and that they were slowly, aimlessly, listlessly wandering onward. Children were dying by the hundreds. Sometimes the frenzied mothers would in their helplessness, mad grief fling their children from them over the roadside into the fields so as not to see the dying agonies of their emaciated and starved babies. Old women and men were dropping out by the roadside too far gone to go on another step; epidemics already had appeared and were claiming their victims by the hundreds. From that throng he said, there went up to heaven such an unutterable wall of woe and misery that he was compelled to close down the window of his compartment to try to prevent the sound of that concentration of agony and pain which was wrung from the lips of those homeless, destitute wanderers.

Families Broken Up.

They have been on the march constantly for weeks, have been forced most of them to leave on a moment's notice, have not had time to prepare for the journey, and apart from what they have been able to secure from the fields and the villages they passed through, have been without food or sustenance. Children have lost their parents, parents their children and have never been able to find each other again; families have been broken up; some have wandered on into other parts of the Caucasus, others have gone into Persia, others again have gone back into Turkey; and, taking the story of this exodus as a whole, I do not think that for real pathos and concentrated misery a similar instance can be found in history.

Kindness of Cossacks.

"The Turks are beginning to complain and to regret the adventure into which they have been dragged. There are open revolts against the Germans in the army. The situation is very strained. The slightest mistake might occasion a catastrophe. Those are the reasons why Turkey is opposed to the expedition against Egypt. The expedition will be undertaken only by Turkish forces. There is an absolute determination in Constantinople not to let the Germans install themselves on the Suez canal."

A Great Plot.

The Salonic correspondent of the Times states:

"The Turkish secret police have just discovered traces of a vast revolutionary plot, of which the centre is Constantinople, and the object to kill Enver Pasha, overturn the present Turkish government, and expel the Germans from Turkey. Turkish officers are compromised in the affair. Numerous arrests have been made, and measures of vigilance of exceptional rigor have been taken in the Turkish capital. The police agents have been doubled, and Constantinople has, in fact, been transformed into a vast centre of espionage, which paralyzes both commercial and private life. The Germans and the Young Turks, who are responsible for this intolerable situation, are cured by all classes of the population."

### BRITISH VESSEL WAS SUNK WITHOUT WARNING

London, Feb. 14.—The British steamship Springhill has been sunk in the Mediterranean while en route from London to Calcutta. A Reuter dispatch from Malta says she was torpedoed without warning. The officers and crew, numbering 72, were picked up and landed at Malta.

### TWO GERMAN SHIPS AT LARGE IN ATLANTIC

New York, Feb. 14.—A Buenos Ayres dispatch says that two interned German merchantmen have escaped from South American ports. They asked permission to "exercise their engines," and dashed out to sea.

The two vessels are the Bahrenfeld, which was interned at Buenos Aires, and the Turpin, interned at the Chilean port of Punta Arenas, in the Strait of Magellan.

### TELLS OF SUFFERINGS OF THE ARMENIANS

Report on Conditions From Member of American Commission at Tiflis

New York, Feb. 14.—The American committee for Armenian and Syrian relief has just received a report from Richard Hill, a member of its commission sent to Russia to supervise the distribution of relief among the refugee Armenians who have been driven out of Turkey. Mr. Hill reports from Tiflis, where he is operating with the United States consul, who is also a member of the relief commission. After speaking of the 175,000 in Russia and 55,000 accessible in Turkey and Persia, and all in a most deplorable condition, Mr. Hill says:

"First of all, let me repeat the words of my first cable and emphasize with all the vigor of earnestness that the situation here in respect to the Armenian refugees is as bad as we had been led to believe, and that to attempt to describe the horrors of it would be a task altogether beyond me. As for the figures, I need not repeat them; they stand at the beginning of my letter and speak for themselves, that is, they tell in a bald, colorless way the actual facts of the case, but it would take the pen of a Dickens to give the pathos and misery of it proper justice."

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Seventh Battalion—Wounded: Pte. Robert Geo. Anderson, New Westminster, B. C.; Pte. John Marshall Grant, Scotland.

Tenth Battalion—Wounded: Gt. Sgt. Maj. G. T. E. Toncott, Williams, Sask.

Fourteenth Battalion—Wounded: Pte. Jas. Bryant Blake, Kentucky.

Fifteenth Battalion—Died Feb. 11: Pte. S. Gregorius, Thetford Mines, Que.

Seventeenth Battalion—Died Feb. 11: Pte. D. Dundon McPherson, Glen William, P. E. I.

Nineteenth Battalion—Wounded: Pte. L. J. Carroll, Toronto.

Wounded accidentally: Pte. J. Larivee, Montreal.

Twenty-first Battalion—Wounded: Pte. W. G. Sinfield, England.

Twenty-second Battalion—Wounded: Pte. John Smith, Gananoque, Ont.

Wounded accidentally: Sgt. James Atkins, England.

Twenty-eighth Battalion—Killed in action: Pte. Jas. Meikle Craven, Wetherby, Sask.; Sgt. Thomas Armstrong, Scotland.

Wounded: Pte. John Kelzer, England.

Thirty-first Battalion—Wounded: Pte. F. Campbell, Avonmore, Ont.

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Twenty-eighth Battalion—Killed in action: Pte. Jas. Meikle Craven, Wetherby, Sask.; Sgt. Thomas Armstrong, Scotland.

**A CLOCK**

one that combines artistic craftsmanship and dependable timekeeping.
Bedroom Clocks, upwards from \$2.50
Bedroom Alarms, from \$3.00
Traveling Clocks, in solid leather cases \$8.00 to \$14.50
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Chiming Mantel Clocks \$11.00 to \$38.00

LITTLE &amp; TAYLOR

Watchmakers, Jewelers, Opticians.

617 Fort Street

# THE TELEPHONE TAKES THE MILES OUT OF DISTANCE

When you want to phone from Vancouver Island to the Kootenay or down the Coast, use the telephone right beside you. Every telephone is a long-distance telephone.

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You get your party, or you don't pay. That means you get your answer. And all in a few moments, too.

**B.C. TELEPHONE CO., Ltd.**

## GERMANY AND INVENTIONS.

There are aspects of the German banking system which are thoroughly unsound, but there is one direction in which it is a century in advance of us. It is the instrument of commerce. A man with an idea in Germany has only to take it to the bank to have it examined and, if it is sound, financially backed. This accessibility of money to ideas has led to many an English invention being exploited with German money to the enormous gain of that country. The position has grown even worse with the modern tendency in this country to the amalgamation of the banks. This must be radically changed if we are to fight Germany successfully in the future with superior enterprise and not inferior knowledge.

London Daily News.

## PRIVATE ROMANOFF.

The czar's action in placing himself at the head of his army makes it interesting to know that at one time he served as a private, submitting himself to all the privations of the life of a common soldier, saluting his officers and carrying the full equipment, which then weighed nearly three-quarters of a hundredweight exclusive of the weight of the rifle. He appeared on the regiment roll as Private Nicholas Romanoff, married, of the Orthodox faith, coming from Tsarsko Selo.

## MINISTER WHO RESIGNED.

Sir John Simon has somewhat rehabilitated himself with the rank and file by insisting on his resignation. He injured his political reputation badly by his verbosity in the Northcliffe debate, but more still in August, 1914, when he was persuaded to withdraw his resignation after having tendered it. He is a man of splendid intellect, and if only his force of character were in the same measure he would justify the highest hopes of his warmest admirers.

## Trained Minds Stand to Win

But First—the mind to be properly trained needs the support of a well-nourished body.

No food supplies in more splendid proportion, the rich nourishment of the field grains for both body and brain building than does

# Grape-Nuts

Made of whole wheat and malted barley, this famous pure food includes the valuable mineral elements, lacking in many foods, but imperative for energizing and sustaining the mental and physical forces.

Easy to Digest—Economical—Delicious.

"There's a Reason" for Grape-Nuts

Made in Canada.

Sold by grocers everywhere.

Canadian Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Windsor, Ont.

## CLOSE UNION AMONG THE ALLIED NATIONS

Italy's Action Against German  
Trade Brings Germany's  
Downfall Nearer

Rome, Feb. 14.—The last gap in the ranks of the allies has been closed by the issuance of a decree by the Italian government, forbidding, under heavy penalty, the importation of any products from Germany or Austria-Hungary.

The announcement was made after Aristide Briand, premier of France, had conferred for several hours at the foreign office here. Shortly afterward M. Briand declared to correspondents: "We have completed the steel wall around Germany."

Under ordinary circumstances Italy's act of hostility would have provoked an immediate declaration of war on the part of Germany. For financial as well as military reasons, however, it is not believed here the kaiser will care to bear before he would take out naturalization papers.

*Wall of Steel.*

"Until now," said M. Briand, "our enemies' greatest strength lay in their remarkable system of transportation, permitting rapid troop concentrations at any point or any front; but when the allies have encircled them with a steel band which is equally strong and equally impregnable, the enemies' fine transportation system is rendered useless as far as giving overwhelming military advantage goes. A perfect union of all the allies was necessary to erect the wall of steel, but now it is fully attained."

A series of decrees, similar to the one forbidding imports from Germany, will be issued within the near future, it is stated, all for the purpose of crushing Germany economically.

BELATED STATEMENT  
ISSUED BY TURKS

Purports to Tell of Fighting Near Aden  
as Long Ago as Last  
December.

London, Feb. 14.—An Amsterdam dispatch to the Central News says that the following announcement has been issued at Constantinople by the Turkish war office:

"In the neighborhood of Aden, British entrenched troops were attacked by Turks. At some points the British retired to within range of British naval guns."

"During the early part of December two sections of our camel riders attacked a British post between Sheik Hosman and Hira. Considerable losses were inflicted on the British. On Dec. 18 another engagement occurred between our camel riders and British cavalry, in which the latter was driven back with heavy losses."

"On Dec. 18 heavy fighting took place near Messille (or Mejale). The hostile forces were dispersed and fled in the direction of Sheik Hosman."

"Now, you fellows, help yourselves to the cigars!" cried Smith genially after dinner. "They are some my wife gave me for a Christmas present." Gently but firmly, man after man vowed that he had sworn off smoking "for the duration of the war." "Whatever did you tell such a fib about those cigars for?" asked Mrs. Smith, in angry surprise, when the guests had departed. "You know perfectly well that I gave you gloves for a Christmas present!" "Oh, that's all right, Mary!" replied Smith, blandly. "That box of cigars cost me forty-five shillings, and I can't afford to give any of them away!"

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## THE DAILY TIMES

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All copy for display advertisements must be at Times Office before 6 p.m. of the day previous to the day of insertion. This is imperative. When this rule is not complied with we do not guarantee its insertion.

### THE GALLANT ARETHUSA.

The Arethusa, worthy descendant of that "saucy Arethusa" which immortalized herself in the memorable encounter with the Belle Poule, is no more. She was sunk by a mine in the North Sea. Her loss will be deeply regretted, for the little cruiser, true to her name, had covered herself with glory in her short career. It was the Arethusa which, with her sister-fleet leaders, the Fearless and their destroyer satellites, gave battle to a German light-cruiser-squadron and numerous destroyers in Heligoland Bight on August 28, 1914. At one time the Arethusa was engaged single-handed with three enemy ships, each of which was a thousand tons larger than she. She sank the Mainz, but received some hard knocks before the big battle cruiser Lion arrived and destroyed the Ariadne and Koln with two or three salvos. Later she and her flotilla sank two German destroyers off the Dutch coast. The Arethusa was only three days off the hands of her builders when she received her baptism of fire. A considerable number of her class were commissioned about the same time and more have been completed since, so the material loss is slight. Nevertheless Britons will have good reason to mourn the loss of the dashing Arethusa, although the fact that the great majority of her gallant complement escaped is a very consoling feature of the tragedy.

### FRIENDS (?) OF THE WORKER.

No doubt the Hon. Lorine Campbell is telling the electorate of Rossland all about the life-long devotion of himself and colleagues to the cause of labor, with especial reference to his chief. We imagine, however, that the electors are pretty well informed on that point. If they are not they merely need to examine the composition of the present ministry and note the affiliations of its members. The record of Mr. Bowser himself in regard to labor is practically nil. The journals of the legislature afford abundant proof of the bent of his mind on this subject. His simous course during the agitation over Oriental immigration and the peculiar affiliations of his law firm at that time are fresh in the public memory. Workingmen suffered heavily through the collapse of the Dominion Trust. Mr. Bowser was not thinking much about them when that company was throwing out its drag-net. In fact he could not be a friend of labor if he tried. He is a "big interest" man first, last and always. He would not be the head of the firm of Bowser, Reid & Wallbridge if he were not.

Is Mr. Tisdall a friend of labor? He is an enthusiastic admirer of Sir William Mackenzie and Sir Donald Mann, the moving spirits of the Canadian Collieries, Ltd., who have been allowed to employ Chinese in their mines in contravention of the law, and who will continue to do so as long as there is a Canadian Northern government in power in this province. Has anybody heard the Hon. W. R. Ross and the Hon. Thos. Taylor utter a solitary word in the legislature on this subject or on any other matter which peculiarly affects the interests of labor? And what about Mr. Campbell himself? Rossland knows better than we do how enthusiastic he is on the question. And there is Mr. Flumerfelt, whose sympathies are notorious, especially to those familiar with the progress of the labor movement in the Boundary country. The average imagination is quite capable of forming an accurate picture of the kind of fun play the laboring interests would receive from such a government in the event of a dispute between them and such corporations as the Canadian Collieries, Ltd., the Pacific Great Eastern or the big mining interests of the interior. The most picturesque joke of the day is the spectacle of Mr. Bowser and his colleagues

dangling a workman's compensation act before the electors on the eve of an election.

### AUSTRALIA'S RECORD.

The visit of Hon. William Hughes, Prime Minister of Australia, reminds us of the striking achievements of our sister commonwealth in the war. These have won the ungrudging admiration of the empire. Everybody is aware of the priceless services rendered by the gallant Australian navy—the destruction of the Emden, the seizure of German possessions in the Pacific, the protection of the Australian and New Zealand coasts from bombardment, the convoy of troops, the safeguarding of the trade routes, and the part it played with the Japanese navy in making the Pacific too hot for von Spee's squadron.

It may not be as generally known, although the fact has been stated in the Canadian parliament, that Australian cruisers are on guard off the Canadian Atlantic coast.

One hundred and forty thousand Australian soldiers have been sent overseas and the Prime Minister expects Australia to have 300,000 men under arms by June. How magnificently the sons of the two trans-Pacific dominions have acquitted themselves in the records of Gallipoli show. The history of this empire will have no more glorious chapter than the description of the performances of the Anzacs in that abortive campaign. They made heavy sacrifices; their casualties are much greater than ours, and no material advances were made, but they did not die in vain. The inspiration and moral lessons that will flow from their heroism will easily outweigh the failure of the Gallipoli adventure.

### BULGARIA SUING FOR PEACE?

According to a dispatch from Athens, Bulgaria has made overtures to the entente powers for a separate peace. This may have been another of the many unfounded reports that have emanated from the Near East, but it may be taken for granted that if Bulgaria actually has not tried to extricate herself from the predicament in which her crooked ruler involved her she will do so before long. When she entered the war her people were assured that the sole object of her intervention was the reconquest of Serbia. Macedonia and that when this was completed she would retire with her laurels. Since then she has made several unpleasant discoveries. She finds herself bound to the Teutonic chariot; she finds herself an enemy not alone of Serbia but of the whole mighty entente; a tool by which Germany forged her chain of communication with Constantinople and an agency for the establishment of Teutonic ascendancy in the Balkan peninsula with the prospect of her conversion from an independent state into a German province. The letters which bound her to Constantinople, broken by Russia, have been recast and fastened on her by Berlin, through the connivance of her traitorous sovereign, and who can doubt that she would be delivered over to Turkey at the convenience of her master if he were successful in the war?

Bulgaria has made another startling discovery. She has learned that there are definite limits to Germany's military power. She knows that not only are the central empires unable to secure her in the possession of territory captured by her, but they cannot save her from the consequences of her treachery and rashness. She is expected to carry the burden of the Balkan campaign almost entirely upon her own shoulders. She is being urged to undertake an attack on Salonica almost single-handed. The central empires cannot spare more than a handful of soldiers for that secondary theatre. They are outnumbered on the three main fronts and before long the pressure will be so heavy that even the few Teutonic troops now in the Balkans and Asia Minor must be withdrawn. Bulgaria is a small nation. The maximum number of men she could place under arms when the war began was four hundred thousand, and of this one-third have been rendered hors de combat. She is in severe financial straits, she is blockaded; and her resources of equipment, artillery, and munitions are relatively meagre. Without effective aid nations of her size are able to conduct war on a large scale for only a few months.

Bulgaria realizes the danger of her position. In the spring she will have to meet an offensive by an army which in numbers and equipment will be superior to her total military strength. That army is almost on her border and within a few miles of the railway which connects Sofia with Constantinople. On the north of her is Roumania, an ancient enemy, whose activities denote an alarming inclination to the side of the entente powers. Roumania is mobilizing on the Danube and along the Carpathians. She has 600,000 men under arms and an available total supply of effectives of 900,000. Beyond Roumania again is Russia—Russia whose power the Bulgars know and who, they know also, never forgives or

forgets treason to the Slav cause. Thus we may well believe that Bulgaria is trying to negotiate a separate peace with the entente allies to avert the punishment she now knows is awaiting her. It is not hard to forecast the terms of such a treaty, the allies disposed to agree to it. The evacuation of every inch of Macedonia and Bulgaria's military assistance in a campaign for the restoration of Serbia will be among them. It would be eminently fitting that Bulgars should be compelled to make sacrifices to regain for Serbia what they helped so materially to take from her. Meanwhile Czar Ferdinand is in Vienna. If it be true that Bulgaria desires peace, Vienna is the safest place for him, and even that sanctuary is only temporarily secure.

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## BURN Kirk's Jingle Pot. Wellington Coal

Lump	..... \$7.25
Nut	..... \$6.25

Delivered within City Limits

## KIRK & CO. LIMITED

1212 Broad St. Phone 139

### A LESSON FOR CANADA.

In the thoroughness and promptitude with which Australia grappled with some of the problems created by the war there is an excellent lesson for Canada. When the struggle began a German combine controlled the metal exports of the country. Notwithstanding the obstacles placed in its way the government adopted legislation taking entire control of the metal production. Not a pound of copper or lead can leave Australia except in its refined state. Canada produces about eighty percent of the world's output of nickel. France controls most of the remainder. Nickel is an essential constituent of the steel out of which warships, fortifications and guns are built. The great bulk of the Canadian production is sent abroad, where it is refined. It is controlled by several trusts which operate largely in the United States. Had Mr. Hughes and his colleagues been in charge of this Dominion's affairs they probably would have prohibited the export of nickel from Canada to all but Great Britain and her allies. Eastern newspapers and public men urged that this be done, but the government went no farther than to secure an undertaking from the nickel combines that none of the product after being exported from Canada would go to the central empires. Obviously Canada takes long chances by such an arrangement. What actual assurance has she that none of her nickel is being smuggled into Germany? If this extraordinary powerful combination of pro-Germans in the United States commanded by von Bernstorff can get within arm's length of Canadian products once they leave this country it is fairly certain that some will find their way across the Atlantic. Mr. Hughes pointed out that Germanism must be fought wherever it is met. "We must cut out every fibre of Germany," he says. "We must cut out every power and influence she exercised before the war." This is true. We cannot afford to make concessions to any influence that can be made of use to our barbaric foes.

### four figures.

To the average voter who knows that the total number of voters in the city does not exceed four figures this prediction at first blush might be somewhat puzzling. What is meant, however, is that "the boys" will try to repeat their old tricks in the interests of Mr. Flumerfelt, who describes himself in the Montreal Star as a believer in "clean politics." The Manitoba Liberals, however, discovered an ingenious way of dealing with pluggers, repeaters and their kind, and we predict an interesting time for the genry who try crooked election tactics here.

According to the Boston Transcript the status of the Appam has not yet been determined by Washington. The matter is engaging the attention of the authorities there, with von Bernstorff probably laying down all the fine points of the law. She is to be held; we are told, for the Germans, under the old treaty of 1823 with Prussia. But the same treaty provides that the permission thus given to Prussia is subject to arrangements made by treaty with Great Britain, and the treaty with Great Britain provides for the return of just such prizes if they are brought into port by any enemy ship. Perhaps it is the intention of Mr. Lansing to hold the Appam for Germany and release her for Great Britain.

Another black eye for British Columbia. A Canadian Northern passenger train has been snowbound in the mountains for more than three weeks. Goodness knows when Sir Donald and Sir William will succeed in digging it out. The few passengers on it were rescued by means of wire cable strung across the Fraser river and equipped with a basket. In this manner communication was opened up with the P. R. and the long-imprisoned passengers conveyed to the coast. This is the road which was touted by the Colonist to work a transformation and create a super-boom in British Columbia. In the meantime what of the Patricia Bay line and the extension to Alberni?

Lord Northcliffe says he will not accept the post of minister of aviation for the Asquith cabinet because there are others better qualified than he is, and also because he would not have anything to do with a "defensive war." It is something of a jar to learn of the existence in England of any considerable element so disturbed in mind over the fortunes of the war as to want a yellow journalist to help run things. The agitators who are trying to make Northcliffe dictator ought to be reminded that France still has the direction of the war on land, and is mainly responsible for the allies' military strategy.

This has been a winter of tribulation for golfers. They have been accustomed to wield their sticks and give vent to their pent-up feelings all the year round in this favored portion of the continent; but for once the weather has been inconsiderate. However, the greens are beginning to show again, and it may be many years before such another season is experienced.

## DAVID SPENCER, LTD.

# Early Display of New Costumes for Spring

One Hundred Exclusive Models Priced From \$25 to \$47.50

As each season of the year comes around most women are anxious to learn all they can about the new styles in ready-to-wear, and in no better way can this be done in Victoria than by a personal visit to Spencer's Mantle Showrooms. At the present time—quite apart from other new garments we have on display

## One Hundred New Costumes, Every One Different and All Exclusive to This Store

These Costumes portray the season's new styles, and by a visit of inspection you will gather at a glance the trend of fashion that the world's foremost designers have predicted will be most popular this spring season.

Buying the complete range of 100 models, we secured them at the most favorable prices, which turn to your advantage and ours. A few details of interest follow:

### COAT STYLES

Coat lengths are shorter than the preceding season. Many models have modified military and the Russian blouse effect, others with yoke, ripple hips and the semi-Norfolk belted effects are a strong feature. The sleeve styles are quite new, being gathered into a deep cuff and trimmed with buttons. Many models show convertible collars trimmed in contrasting shades.

### SUIT TRIMMINGS

Trimmings once again play an important part. The most noticeable perhaps being on coat collars, which are finished with silks in plain shades of a contrasting color or fancy design. Some of the better and more expensive models having high-grade silk braid effects in light shades. Fancy colored and two-tone buttons are used extensively for trimming down front of coat and on sleeves.

### COME IN TO-MORROW AND LET US SHOW YOU THESE

Selling, First Floor

## Advance Shoe Styles for Spring Just Received by Express

Shoes in the new "Riviera" shape, made of African brown kid, button and lace. Also new Bronze Kid Gipay Button Boots. Ask to see these in department.

Selling, First Floor

## Many New Pleasing Styles in Better Grade Silk Waists

The new styles in better Waists for spring are very effective and most pleasing. The styles are by no means elaborate, in fact they lean toward simplicity, but the daintiness of the fabrics used, the graceful lines outlined with French veining is the very essence of refinement and daintiness in itself. The materials are chiefly silk crepe de chine and Georgette crepes, some models being made from a combination of both of these materials. Some of the new shades are pale blue, flesh, maize, peach, navy, white and black. Waists, the value of which are well worth \$5.75 and \$6.75, but our special buying facilities enables us to offer for less.

\$4.90

Selling, First Floor

## DAVID SPENCER, LTD.

whole month without a chance to tee off! Won't there be a rush for the links on these days?

Sighs are not lacking that the Fox of the Balkans has been stricken with an uneasy feeling that extends to the extremity of his tail.

Another black eye for British Columbia. A Canadian Northern passenger train has been snowbound in the mountains for more than three weeks. Goodness knows when Sir Donald and Sir William will succeed in digging it out. The few passengers on it were rescued by means of wire cable strung across the Fraser river and equipped with a basket. The small boy was a bilious white, which is a sort of cream; and in his fingers, still alight, he held a "smoke." A dream of ancient horrors seemed to fly across his weak, blue, sodden eye.

"What all you, Thomas John?" I said; "what does your 'smoke' say?" Oh, weary he shook his head, and offered me the fag. Please go," he gasped, "and send a cart."

I think it must be smoker's heart."

Sydney Bulletin.

Lord Northcliffe says he will not accept the post of minister of aviation for the Asquith cabinet because there are others better qualified than he is, and also because he would not have anything to do with a "defensive war." It is something of a jar to learn of the existence in England of any considerable element so disturbed in mind over the fortunes of the war as to want a yellow journalist to help run things. The agitators who are trying to make Northcliffe dictator ought to be reminded that France still has the direction of the war on land, and is mainly responsible for the allies' military strategy.

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+ + +

KULTUR'S WORK.

New York Sun.



CASH BUYERS ARE CASH SAVERS  
The Fight in the Far West—Victoria  
**For Cheaper Living**

And Kirkham's, the People's Cash Market, is Winning It

3 Large Cans Laur-	25c
entia Milk	
3 Lbs. Golden Star	98c
Tea	
3 Lbs. Finest Butter, Gov-	\$1.10
ernment Creamery.	
4 Tins San Juan	23c
Cleanser.	

2 Tins Rhubarb in Heavy Syrup	15c
20 Lbs. B. C. Granulated Sugar	\$1.57
for.	
22 Cakes Sunlight Soap	99c
3 Lbs. Coffee, Family Blend, fresh ground	\$1.00

**Special for Tuesday**

Finest Fresh Halibut	
Per pound	11c
Finest Fresh Codfish	
Per pound	9c
Fresh Fillets of Cod	
Per pound	12½c
Reception Rolled Oats, per sack, 32c and	83c
Wheat Pearls for Porridge, 6-lb. sks.	33c
Canada Whole Wheat Meal, 10-lb. sks.	50c
Empress Pure Marmalade, 4-lb. tins	68c
Heinz Spaghetti in Tomatoes, per tin 12c and	17c
Strawberries or Raspberries, per tin	15c
Blueberries or Plums, per tin	10c
Cairn's Pure Scotch Jams, per pails	65c
Lowney's Breakfast Cocoa, per tin, 10c, 22c, 43c	
Custard Powder, Monk & Glass, large cans	23c
Comb Honey, per square, only	19c

**H. O. KIRKHAM & CO. LIMITED**  
CORNER GOVERNMENT AND FORT STS.  
PHONES: Grocery, 178 and 179. Delivery, 5522. Fish and Provisions, 5520. Meat, 5521



**Roll of Service**  
of your Members who have responded to the call of their King & Country.

Every Church, Lodge, Educational Institution, Workshop, Business House, or Public Office throughout the Province is proud to number among its members many who are doing service "Somewhere in France" or elsewhere. What more appropriate or lasting tribute to their valor could be conceived than a suitably designed and illuminated **ROLL OF SERVICE**? Being a Professional Designer and Illuminator of wide experience, our Artist can produce this class of work with efficiency and to your particular requirements.

FOR FURTHER PARTICULARS, CALL OR PHONE  
**The Clarke-Wilson Co.**  
321 PEMBERTON BLDG. VICTORIA. PHONE 1470.

**HELP**  
By Subscribing to the  
**Victoria Patriotic Aid Fund**

Breathes there a man with soul so dead,  
Who never to himself hath said:  
This is my own, my native land.

Time was when some merchants vied with each other in extravagance of statement in their ads. The wise merchants of today vie with each other in the ACCURACY of their statements about goods and values. Nowadays deliberate misrepresentation in advertising would surely and quickly kill any store indulging in it.

**SOCIAL AND PERSONAL**

All personal items sent by mail for publication must be signed with the name and address of the sender.

A. Roy, of Duncan, is at the Dominion hotel.

F. Byles, of Sooke, is a guest of the Dominion.

G. D. Roberts of Nanaimo, is at the Dominion.

R. Archibald is staying at the Hotel Strathcona.

A. Cliff, of Saanich, is registered at the Dominion.

Chas. S. Claringbold is staying at the Hotel Strathcona.

J. D. McLeod, of Prince Rupert, is at the Hotel Strathcona.

C. C. Coughlin, of Seattle, is a guest of the Dominion hotel.

W. A. Bush, of San Diego, Cal., is a guest at the Empress hotel.

Mrs. Gledhill, of Port Alberni, is registered at the Dominion hotel.

M. G. Tidbury, of Portage la Prairie, is a guest of the Dominion hotel.

C. J. Hawkes, from San Francisco, is staying at the Hotel Strathcona.

J. F. Atkinson has arrived from Coulter Man., at the Hotel Strathcona.

Donald Hisby, of Dafoe, Sask., is a new arrival at the Dominion hotel.

E. Sharpe and J. K. Muir of Toronto, arrived at the Empress hotel yesterday.

Mrs. R. Smith and her son, Neil K. Smith, of Tyee, are registered at the Dominion.

Wm. Rankin and family, of No-komis, Sask., are stopping at the Dominion hotel.

M. J. Haley and J. L. McCoy, of Ottawa, were among yesterday's arrivals at the Dominion hotel.

Wm. H. Knowles, engineer at Bank creek cable station, is registered at the Dominion hotel.

A. Blackburn and Mrs. Blackburn have arrived at the Hotel Strathcona from Salt Spring Island.

P. F. Zimmerman, of Seattle, registered for himself and Mrs. Zimmerman at the Hotel Strathcona.

Vancouver arrivals at the Empress hotel yesterday included R. P. Smith, W. F. Gray and Thomas Meredith.

Among the Seattle arrivals registered at the Empress hotel yesterday were Mrs. J. C. Jeffery and Mrs. D. Macdonald.

Miss Emma McCandlish, 422 Menzies street, wishes to thank her numerous friends for telegrams and greetings sent her for her seventy-fifth birthday, February 13, 1876.

**HIGH SCHOOL GIRL**

Run-Down, Weak and Nervous—Made Strong by Vinol

For the benefit of Victoria school girls who overwork and get into highly nervous, weak and run-down condition, we publish this letter from Dorris Copier, of Fourth Worth, Tex.—"I go to the high school and take music lessons, and became run-down, weak and very nervous, so I could not do anything. I would shake all over and could have screamed at times, and was really unfit to keep on with my studies. Mother purchased a bottle of Vinol for me and within a week I was better, and in two weeks I had gained five pounds and felt fine."

It is the curative strengthening elements of the true cod liver extract, aided by the blood-making, revitalizing effect of peptone of iron and beef peptone, contained in Vinol, which made it so successful in building up health and strength and overcoming the nervous condition of Miss Copier, and we ask every school girl in Victoria who is in a like condition to try Vinol, on our guarantee to return their money if it fails to benefit. D. E. Campbell, druggist, Victoria, B. C.

**ADDRESS ON PROHIBITION**

Rev. A. E. Smith made interesting speech before supporters of Movement in Old Victoria Theatre.

An interesting address was given in the interests of the People's Prohibition movement in the Old Victoria theatre on Saturday evening by Rev. A. E. Smith. At the outset he stated that wherever his present itinerary had taken him he had found the people of British Columbia much interested in social reconstruction, and eager, he said, for a chance to render an unequivocal verdict on the issue of prohibition.

Everything that made for constructive legislation, the speaker resumed, ought to receive the unanimous support of all sane-minded people, but against anything reactionary they ought to press the strongest opposition. The most favorable sign of the day, he said, was that people were discontented. There was abroad a strong sympathy for the man without a home and without a country. The strongest social force at work, to-day, he pointed

**J.D.A. TRIPP**  
Piano Virtuoso  
Teacher of piano and coach for vocalists. Studio, 1022 Collinson St. Phone 5L.

**ST. VALENTINE'S DAY**

Obsolete Customs Marking Name Day of Roman Bishop Referred to by Shakespeare.

Throughout the storied pages of literature the name of the Roman bishop martyr after whom St. Valentine's day is called constantly recurs, chiefly in connection with the festival of the Lupercalia, some of the rules of which were transferred to the celebration of the Christian martyr's day in the transition from pagan to Christian civilization.

Twice Shakespeare alludes to the day, while many other poets have rhymed references to St. Valentine in their works. Valentines now have become almost as obsolete as the memories of Twelfth Night or Candlemas day, although the traditions which cluster round the association of eventful days in the calendar usually die hard, and in dying leave a record scattered through the works of contemporary writers.

Charles Lamb, in his essay on the subject, exclaims, "Hail to thy returning festival, old Bishop Valentine. Great is thy name in the rubric, thou venerable Archdean of Hymns! Immortal Go-between, who art what manner of person art thou? Art thou but a name, typifying the restless principle which impels human beings to seek perfection in union? Or were thou indeed a mortal prelate with thy tiptoe and thy rocket, thy apron on, and decent lawn sleeves? Mysterious personage! Like unto thee assuredly there is no mated father in the calendar. Not Jerome, nor Ambrose, nor Cyril, nor the consignor of unripe infants to eternal torments, Austin, whom all mothers hate, nor he who hated all mothers, Origen; nor Bishop Bull, nor Archibishop Parker, nor Whitgift. Thou comest attended with thousands and ten thousands of little lives and the air is brush'd with the hiss of rustling wings. Singing Cupids are thy choiristers and thy preceptors; and instead of the crosser, the mystical arrow is borne before thee."

**Suffer No Longer From Constipation!**

You can immediately relieve and permanently cure yourself with Dr. Hamilton's Pills. One thousand dollars will be paid for any case that isn't corrected within three days. Dr. Hamilton's Pills contain no injurious drugs; they are composed entirely of soothing vegetable extracts that strengthen the stomach and bowels at once. It is absolutely impossible for Dr. Hamilton's Pills to fail in curing biliousness, sour stomach, indigestion, headaches or constipation. Even one box has brought vigor and renewed health to chronic sufferers, so you owe it to yourself to try Dr. Hamilton's Pills at once; 25c per box, at all dealers.

The speaker added that it was the object of the prohibitionists to take hold of a monopoly which was dangerous to every child, to every woman, and to every useful institution in the state. Community action, he believed, would drive the liquor interests out of North America.

Canada to-day, he believed, was confronted with two propositions. The first was the accumulated waste of years, and the second the insatiable debt she had shovelled into the great war. Unless a change was made to pay this debt would mean half the bread, half the potatoes and half the salt from the poor man's table. But it would take nothing from the tables of the rich.

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Reports.

Victoria—Barometer, 30.19; temperature, maximum yesterday, 46; minimum, 40; wind, 4 miles N. E.; rain, .67; weather, cloudy.

Vancouver—Barometer, 30.20; temperature, maximum yesterday, 46; minimum, 40; wind, 8 miles N. E.; rain, .88; weather, cloudy.

Kamloops—Barometer, 30.28; temperature, maximum yesterday, 46; minimum, 40; wind, 4 miles N. E.; weather, cloudy.

Barkerville—Barometer, 30.69; temperature, maximum yesterday, 22; minimum, 20; wind, 22 miles S. W.; snow, .20; weather, cloudy.

Prince Rupert—Barometer, 30.56; temperature, maximum yesterday, 46; minimum, 38; wind, 24 miles S. E.; rain, .40; weather, rain.

Temperature.

Max. Min.

Cranbrook . . . . . 29 . . . . .

Tatsoi . . . . . 48 . . . . .

Portland, Ore. . . . . 46 . . . . .

Seattle . . . . . 58 . . . . .

San Francisco . . . . . 66 . . . . .

Nelson . . . . . 29 . . . . .

Calgary . . . . . 52 . . . . .

Edmonton . . . . . 44 . . . . .

Qu'Appelle . . . . . 16 . . . . .

Winnipeg . . . . . 2 . . . . .

Toronto . . . . . 18 . . . . .

Montreal . . . . . 8 . . . . .

Halifax . . . . . 14 . . . . .

Victoria Daily Weather.

Observations taken 5 a.m., noon and 5 p.m., Saturday.

Temperature.

<div data-bbox="587 817 . . . . . 24 . . . . .</div>
<div data-bbox="587 817 . . . . . 23 . . . . .</

## Pantages Theatre

ALL  
THIS  
WEEK

Grace  
Cameron

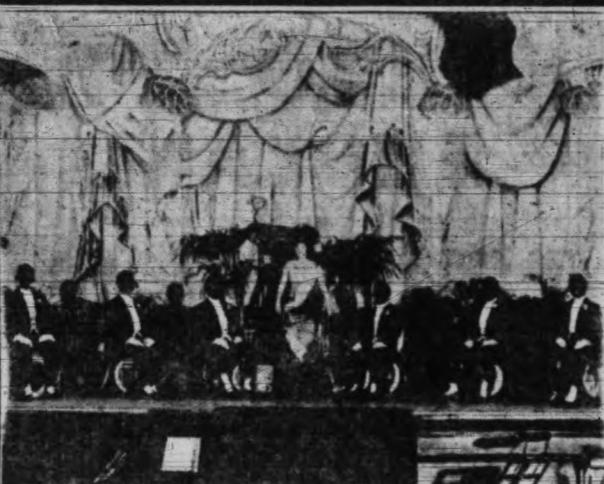
Grace  
Cameron  
Pantages

First  
Appearance in the  
Northwest  
of

America's Distinguished Comedienne

## RUTH & KITTY HENRY

Two Dainty Maids



## Norine Carmen's Minstrels

Andy Lewis & Co.

Presents

"THE DUKE"

## Bett's Seals

Bears, Monkey, Dogs, Roosters Trained to  
Perfection

Hours: Matinee, 3:00. Night, 7:15 and 9:00

## Police Baffled Who Killed Cornelia Alster

This is the Fascinating Problem in the Five-Act Feature

## "THE ALSTER CASE"

Everyone loves a mystery. This drama contains the most puzzling problem and thrilling plot to be found on the screen.

TO-NIGHT TUESDAY WEDNESDAY

## ROYAL VICTORIA

Matinee 2:5. Admission 10c.

Evening 6:30-11. Admission 10c and 15c

Subscribe to the Patriotic Aid Fund

## AT THE THEATRES

### "THE ALSTER CASE."

"The Alster Case," which is the feature film at the Royal Victoria for the first three days of this week, is an absorbing mystery story in five acts that holds the spectators' attention in eager expectancy until the final scenes unravel it. The complications put moving pictures to a severe test in the effort to make the story clear to the observer, and at the same time to cast an air of mystery over that which is to follow, so that the real culprit is not discovered to the end. The feat is accomplished without any lavish use of subtleties, which, in this particular instance, are avoided by much painstaking thought and careful direction. The play is produced by a strong cast headed by Bryant Washburn, Jno. H. Cossar and Miss Ruth Stonehouse.



DOMINION THEATRE.

If you have smiled unconsciously in response to the irresistible smile of Hazel Dawn as she appeared before you on the motion picture screen in former Famous Players productions, her next appearance in "My Lady Incog." which is the Paramount picture at the Dominion, will be a revelation. As Nell Carroll in this thrilling comedy-drama, Miss Dawn does the best work of her motion picture career.

Nell Carroll is a Southern girl of good birth and fine breeding, who suddenly discovers that her old home is mortgaged to the limit and will be lost if she cannot raise the money to meet the obligations. She has never been trained for any specific work, but finally obtains employment in a detective agency.

Several big robberies have been committed on the huge summer estates in one of the fashionable summer colonies and the agency is requested to handle the case. It is evident that it is an "inside" job—that is, that someone in the household, either a servant or a guest, is doing the stealing. There is only one way to work against such people, and that is to fight them from the inside. Accordingly, Nell Carroll is sent to the town where she is heralded in the papers as the Baroness Du Vasse. Mrs. De Vasse, whose home seems the logical place for the next big haul, calls upon the "baroness" and invites her to her house, little suspecting that she is a detective.

In a very short time the girl finds strong evidence that points to Mrs. De Vasse's own son Teddy as the thief. Despite the fact that she is becoming greatly interested in him, she decides to do her duty and lays a trap for him. Meanwhile Rene Lidal, the real crook, becoming suspicious of the authenticity of Nell's title, decides to outface her, and presents himself at the De Vasse home as the Baron Du Vasse. Hoist by her own petard! Nell

does not know whether she has stumbled upon a real name in selecting the "baroness" title or whether she is facing another imposter. But, after a thrilling encounter with her "husband" in the De Vasse home, many unexplained mysteries are made very clear to the amateur detective.

## PANTAGES THEATRE.

With a noted aggregation of burlesque artists topping the bill and two other acts of unquestioned headline-calibre vying for premier honors, the new array of talent which opens with to-day's matinee at the Pantages, is sure to provide splendid entertainment for Pantages patrons. Norine Carmen's minstrels, a sumptuously staged and costumed minstrel first part, presented by some of the best-known minstrel and entertainment on the stage to-day, is to have the position of honor on the lineup of talent this week. Miss Carmen herself acts as interlocutor and fills that position charmingly, while the songs and dances of the eight men of her company are all of recent vintage as well as the abundance of comedy that is intermingled in the act. Miss Grace Cameron, late musical comedy star, who has also achieved fame as one of vaudeville's most eccentric and successful comedienne, will be another headline feature for this week's show. Miss Cameron has been out west before as the star of her own company in "Little Dolly Dimples," a very successful musical comedy. She is noted for her original and refreshing methods of presenting her own original song creations. She has a captivating style combined with pleasing personality and a voice that is both sweet and splendidly trained. A third stellar act will be Capt. Bett's trained seals, or rather a whole happy family of trained animals. This remarkable animal organization includes half a dozen seals, monkeys, dogs, roosters and a bear. It is the only act of its kind

appearing on the vaudeville stage to-day and it is a remarkable sight to see this strange array of animals going through their extensive repertoire of tricks which introduces lots of comedy. Ruth and Kitty Henry, two attractive and vivacious sisters, will contribute a new act of the familiar "sister and song" type, but arranged along different lines. Andy Lewis, the celebrated comedian, assisted by Vera George, a noted burlesque star, and Jack Martin, a clever juvenile, will present a farce-comedy sketch entitled "The Duke," that is said to be simply a riot of laughter from the rise to the fall of the curtain. A new film comedy and new orchestral selections will round out what promises to be a most interesting bill.

## "CAVE! ADSUM!"

A NEUTRAL ON WILLIAM II.

By William Archer in the London News and Leader.

"Cave! Adsum!"—Beware! I am at hand!"—were the words which the young Prince William inscribed on a photograph which he presented to Bismarck in 1884. The incident is almost incredible, but it is beyond doubt; and, from our present vantage ground we can see a sort of sinister inspiration in the boyish impudence. The kaiser has talked uninterruptedly, one may say, from the moment he ascended the throne; but these two words will be remembered when all the rest are forgotten. They were prophetic, not for Bismarck alone, but for Germany and the world at large. Bismarck, we are told, laughed at them, but that was because he was mercifully blind to the future. Belsazar might better have laughed at the writing on the wall. It was Calamity dropping its carte-de-visite.

Such is the moral that disengages itself from Mr. S. C. Hammer's study of "Wilhelm II" (Christiania, Aschehoug), which has recently made some sensation in Scandinavia. Mr. Hammer is a well known publicist, the author, among other works, of a history of the South African war, written from a pro-Boer standpoint. He is thus above suspicion of Anglomania; and, indeed, he has nothing to say on the particular rights and wrongs of the present war. He judges the kaiser mainly on the evidence of his own speeches; and the other authorities he quotes are almost without exception German. He shows, by citing chapter and verse from the open record of the reign, how the characteristics of the kaiser's mind were precisely those which, in the given historical situation, were most certain to lead to a world-disaster.

A Medieavalist.

Even the date of his birth was unfortunate. He was just old enough, in

## COLUMBIA

Theatre

### VAUDEVILLE

F. PAULINE QUARTETTE  
In Classy Harmonic Numbers.  
THE THOMPSONS  
Exponents of Modern Dancing.  
CHARLOTTE PRINZ  
Queen of the Xylophone.  
HARRIS AND MALLALY  
Comedians.

### 5 REELS OF PICTURES 5

## Romano THEATRE

TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW

BIG

"U"

PROGRAMME

and

"THE KAISER'S  
DREAM"

Don't Fail to See This

10c—ANY SEAT—10c

## DOMINION THEATRE

Presents

Hazel Dawn

in

"My Lady  
Incog"

A rare combination of laughs and thrills.

# Health for Sick Women

For Forty Years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Has Been Woman's Most Reliable Medicine —Here is More Proof.

To women who are suffering from some form of woman's special ills, and have a constant fear of breaking down, the three following letters ought to bring hope:

North Crandon, Wis.—"When I was 16 years old I got married and at 18 years I gave birth to twins and it left me with very poor health. I could not walk across the floor without having to sit down to rest and it was hard for me to keep about and do my work. I went to a doctor and he told me I had a displacement and ulcers, and would have to have an operation. This frightened me so much that I did not know what to do. Having heard of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I thought I would give it a trial and it made me as well as ever. I cannot say enough in favor of the Pinkham remedies."—Mrs. MAYNE ASBACH, North Crandon, Wis.

### Testimony from Oklahoma.

Lawton, Okla.—"When I began to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I seemed to be good for nothing. I tired easily and had headaches much of the time and was irregular. I took it again before my little child was born and it did me a wonderful amount of good at that time. I never fail to recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to ailing women because it has done so much for me."—Mrs. A. L. McCASLAND, 509 Have St., Lawton, Okla.



### From a Grateful Massachusetts Woman.

Roxbury, Mass.—"I was suffering from inflammation and was examined by a physician who found that my trouble was caused by a displacement. My symptoms were bearing down pains, backache, and sluggish liver. I tried several kinds of medicine; then I was asked to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It has cured me and I am pleased to be in my usual good health by using it and highly recommend it."—Mrs. B. M. Osgood, 1 Haynes Park, Roxbury, Mass.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

1870, to feel and remember the intoxication of victory, not to see anything of the price paid for it. In the years of his development, his interests were manifold, but merely skin-deep. His professors, as Mr. Hammer shows, "stood aghast" at the conceptions of German history and politics which he contrived to extract from their teachings. He very early spun around himself a chrysalis of monarchic romanticism more suited to the twelfth than to the nineteenth century. His unbound self-confidence and restless energy were reinforced by an absolutely mediaeval faith in his divine calling and election. His personal vanity merged itself in the gigantic national vanity of which he became the resonant mouthpiece. Endowed with eager curiosity and superficial quickness of apprehension, he succeeded in keeping abreast of the material developments of his time, and was blind and deaf only to its finer ideals, its loftier aspirations. In all his multitudinous speeches, says Mr. Hammer, there is "not the smallest moral or spiritual enrichment for humanity."

No one will carry away from them an impression of that modesty of character which is one of the most infallible tokens of spiritual greatness. No one will learn from them the difficult art of self-criticism, or enrich his political knowledge with a single idea, his fancy with a single image. They are like a barren parade-ground on which, words and phrases in full uniform go through a series of cut-and-dried evolutions.

The curious thing is that though intellectual Germany has been under no illusion as to the shallowness of his development—though his speculative incompetence is a mockery and his aesthetic ineptitude a by-word—though there have been, as we know, some serious movements of rebellion against the flighty irresponsibility of his political conduct—yet he somehow retained, and perhaps still retains, the enthusiastic devotion of the great mass of his subjects. Mr. Hammer accounts for this by showing that he is a perfect representative of the more vulgar aspects of German ambition: he is a perfect representative of the more vulgar aspects of German ambition:

It has flattered the self-esteem of his countrymen to know that their kaiser was the most discussed of the world's potentates. He represents the spirit of the age—its perseverance in self-advertisement, its smartness, its competitive eagerness, and not least its tirelessness in making and breaking records. He is the nation's referee, who follows it all the world over, stop-watch in hand, and declares the results; and he is at the same time the champion monarch, who has long held the world's record in sensations, and already in the first lap easily spurred ahead of half-a-score of his royal "cousins."

Furthermore, there is doubtless a not inconsiderable residue of his subjects who are seriously impressed by his religious phrase-making. "Since the days of Moses the world has witnessed no such confidential familiarity between the Creator and one of his creatures."

The Actor and the Stage. Did he deliberately will the war? Mr. Hammer thinks not, but adds that from the very beginning of his reign he has been unconsciously working up to it.

His mind has demonstrably gone through a development in the direction of imperialism. Lager Beer, price \$1.00 per dozen.

### THE WONDER.

The failure was dying. No one was at his side to watch him as he passed away. All his life he had failed. He had been constantly irritable to those who sought to love him and a source of trouble and annoyance. He had failed in his obligations, had never met any crisis with courage, had plunged into debt disgraced his family, lost his self-respect, been hunted and alone. And now at last he lay dying.

And as he lay there a kind and sympathetic soul, more charitable than the rest, came up to him at last and said: "Perhaps I can do something for you."

"Nothing."

"But there is a question in your face. You are wondering."

"Yes," replied the Failure. "I was wondering after I am gone—just how they will manage without me."

"Life."

Pat was busy working with his coat off. There were two Englishmen laboring on the same road, so they decided to have a joke with the Irishman. They painted a donkey's head on the back of Pat's coat and watched him put it on. Pat, of course, saw the donkey's head on his coat, and turning to the Englishmen said: "Which of ye wiped your face on my coat?"

H. B. "Imperial" Lager Beer, price \$1.00 per dozen.

ARE YOU LOOKING FOR  
A GOOD INVESTMENT?  
If so, here is one.

## GOVERNMENT BUYS AMERICAN SCHOONER

Premier of New South Wales Makes Statement Regarding Purchase of the Weatherwax

**1 1-5 ACRES**  
With Double Frontage on  
**DUNEDIN AND MANCHESTER**  
**STREETS**

Close to Gorge Road, on One-Mile Circle.

Excellent site for a  
**FACTORY OR COMMERCIAL**  
**GREENHOUSE**

Soil is of the finest quality, rich black loam.

Close to the New C. N. R.  
Come in and let us tell you how you can sub-divide the property into 8' good-sized lots of 47.6 x 123 each, without having to give one foot of the land for street purposes.

**Price Only \$5500**

(Average per lot, only \$87.50)

**EASY TERMS**

**SWINERTON &  
MUSGRAVE**

Winch Bldg., 610 Fort St.

Extract From  
**BRITISH MEDICAL JOURNAL**  
March 23, 1907.

**"A Most Valuable Food"**

At a time when the preparation of artificial foodstuffs is receiving more attention than ever before, any who now forms a dietary eliminating fat to the place of animal oil are being frequently brought to the notice of the medical profession. It is desirable that some of the older methods of administration of fat—such as those just mentioned—among natural fats, butter, easily takes first place for nutritive value, and when combined with a suitable soluble carbohydrate a most valuable food is produced.

The BUTTER SCOTCH which Messrs. Callard & Bowler (Duke's Bank, Boston Road) have recently introduced to the market is such an article which has the great advantage of being palatable, as palatable in fact that children are more likely to eat it than any other fat. This BUTTER SCOTCH is stated to contain 17 per cent of fat and 70.2 per cent of sugar, and the 12.8 per cent of glucose, and is made from a combination of specially selected cream, which is probably the best available, and a carefully prepared sugar.

In all the Principal candy stores in Victoria.

## WANTED

The Names and Addresses of all

**BLIND PEOPLE**

In or Near-by This Municipality.

Sighted persons knowing of Mr. I. addresses will confer a favor by communicating the same to us.

**Dominion Tactile Press**

Publishers of

**FREE Books and Magazines for the BLIND**

275 Delaware Avenue

TORONTO

## TIMES SHIPPING CHART

### DEEP-SEA ARRIVALS

Steamer	Master	Tonnage	Agents	From	Due
Bado Maru		3,500	G. Northern	Hongkong	Feb. 10
Hawaii Maru	Saito		R. P. Ritter	Hongkong	Feb. 11
Tatihibus	Cullum	6,300	Dodwell & Co.	Hongkong	Feb. 12
Empress of Japan	F. L. Davison	3,500	C. P. R.	Hongkong	Feb. 13
Awa Maru		5,823	G. Northern	Hongkong	Feb. 14
Tsugaru Maru	Nagase	2,500	C. P. R.	Hongkong	Feb. 15
Nisarga	Bools	2,600	C. P. R.	Hongkong	Feb. 16
Monteagle	Hailey	3,900	C. P. R.	Hongkong	Feb. 17
Empress of Russia	W. Dawson	8,783	C. P. R.	Hongkong	Feb. 18
Empress of Asia	Robinson	8,834	C. P. R.	Hongkong	Feb. 19

### DEEP-SEA DEPARTURES

Steamer	Master	Tonnage	Agents	To	Due
Makura	Phillips	4,921	C. P. R.	Sydney	Feb. 16
Tacoma Maru	Hanada	3,800	R. P. Ritter	Hongkong	Feb. 21
Manila Maru	Kobayashi	5,300	R. P. Ritter	Hongkong	Feb. 24
Sado Maru		2,900	G. Northern	Hongkong	March 1
Empress of Japan	Davison	3,500	C. P. R.	Hongkong	March 4
Hawaii Maru	Saito		R. P. Ritter	Hongkong	March 13
Monteagle	Hailey	3,900	C. P. R.	Hongkong	March 13

### COASTWISE SERVICES

For Vancouver		From Comox		
Steamer Princess Victoria	leaves daily at 2:30 p.m.	Steamer Charmer arrives every Sunday		
Steamer Princess Victoria	leaves daily at 11:45 p.m.			
Steamer Princess Adelaide	arrives daily at 3 p.m.	Steamer Prince Rupert and Prince John leave Tuesdays and Fridays at 10 a.m.		
Steamer Princess Adelaide	leaves daily at 6:30 p.m.	From Prince Rupert		
Steamer Princess Adelaide	leaves daily at 4:30 p.m.	Steamer Prince Rupert and Prince John arrive Mondays and Fridays at 6 a.m.		
Steamer Princess Adelaide	leaves daily at 1 p.m.	For Skagway		
Steamer Princess Victoria	arrives daily at 1 p.m.	Steamer Princess May leaves Feb. 18, March 2, 11, and 24.		
Steamer Princess Victoria	leaves daily at 1 p.m.	From Skagway		
Steamer Princess Victoria	leaves daily at 1 p.m.	Steamer Princess May arrives Feb. 15 and March 13 and 23.		
Steamer Sol Duc	leaves daily except Sunday at 11:30 a.m.	For Port Angeles		
Steamer Sol Duc	leaves daily except Sunday at 9 a.m.	From Port Angeles		
Steamer Sol Duc	leaves daily except Sunday at 9 a.m.	For San Francisco		
Steamer Sol Duc	leaves daily except Sunday at 9 a.m.	From Comox		
Steamer Sol Duc	leaves daily except Sunday at 9 a.m.	Steamer Charmer leaves every Tuesday		

## CRUISING TO WEST OF QUEEN CHARLOTTES

Owners of Onward Ho Believe  
Overdue Steamer May Have  
Been Swept to Sea

Premier of New South Wales Makes Statement Regarding Purchase of the Weatherwax

The American schooner Weatherwax, which was well known on this coast, has been purchased by the government of New South Wales. The Weatherwax loaded lumber at Chemainus last fall and called here for supplies before putting to sea.

Premier Holman, of New South Wales, recently made a statement in the house regarding the purchase of the schooner. He stated that Mr. Nielsen, the trade commissioner at San Francisco, had arranged for a shipment of lumber for the public works department by the schooner Weatherwax last year. On October 14 he cabled that the schooner had returned again to Honolulu disabled. The papers in the matter were forwarded to Mr. Nielsen with a view to collecting the insurance, and on October 28 he cabled that everything possible was being done to get the ship away, or failing that, to collect the insurance. The vessel was put up for sale by forced auction, said Premier Holman, and apparently Mr. Nielsen had bought the schooner for \$2,000, and all-right, title, and interest of the Northern Shipping company, her owners, in the cargo for \$50.

**RECEIVES CARD FROM  
INTERNE BELGIAN**

W. R. Dale, general agent of the Great Northern railway, has received an interesting post card from a Belgian corporal who is now held at one of the internment camps in Holland. The soldier, who was interned after the fall of Antwerp, asks Mr. Dale to send him some used postage stamps, as he intends to make a collection in order to relieve the monotony of life while held in the camp. The card read as follows:

Herewith I take the liberty to ask you if you could not make me a little pleasure. I am a Belgian corporal interned in Holland after the fall of Antwerp, so to pass a little more agreeable my captivity I have the resolution to collect all different used postage stamps. I should be very obliged if you could send me the post stamps you do not care for. In exchange I will send you, if you will take them the lightnesses of the Belgian infantry camp."

**CAPTAIN GUNNS NOW  
VANCOUVER PILOT**

Captain Thomas L. Gunn, for about twenty years master of various vessels of the former Canadian Pacific Navigation company, and the C. P. R. British Columbia Coast service, has taken up his duties as one of the pilots out of Vancouver.

Captain Gunn has been in the past pilot of several C. P. R. steamers, including the Princess Victoria, and has been skipper of many others, including the tug Caar, Namee, Nitinat and the steamer Charmer.

Captain Gunn is well known both in Victoria and Vancouver, and was a popular officer in the C. P. R. service. He came out to the coast on the steamer Islander.

Seattle, Feb. 12.—Arrived: Str. F. S. Loop, from tug Soundster, str. Point Grey, from San Francisco via Acapulco, str. San Barbara and str. Santa Barbara, str. San Juan, from Williamsburg, str. San Francisco via Seattle, str. Willapa, from Cook Bay, and Vanguard, from Eniwetok. The Brunswick proceeded to Redondo Beach. The Acme arrived from San Francisco to-day and after completing her cargo for Venustiano and Mexico ports proceeded.

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Seattle, Feb. 12.—Arrived: Str. Ide Maru, Shanghai via ports; str. Klamath, Saguenay; str. Admirals Dewey, Saguenay; str. W. S. Porter, Richmond; str. Melville Dollar, Tacoma; str. Fulton, British Columbia ports. Sailed: Str. Queen, Everett and Tacoma; str. Morning Star, British Columbia ports; str. Admirals Dewey, Tacoma.

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## RETired CAPTAIN DIES AT VANCOUVER

H. A. Mellon Was Well-Known  
Among Pioneers; Lived on  
Coast for Thirty Years

Vancouver, Feb. 14.—Another pioneer has crossed the bar. Genuine feelings of regret will be occasioned among his legion of friends in this city at the announcement of the death of Capt. H. A. Mellon, 1134, Eighth avenue west, aged 75, a retired sea captain, and one of the best known and most public spirited of Vancouver's old timers, who passed away at the general hospital at 6:40 last night from diabetes. He was admitted to the hospital on Feb. 6.

The late Capt. Mellon came to Vancouver in 1885, shortly after the great conflagration. He was born on May 22, 1846, at the manufacturing city of Nottingham, Eng., and after having received a fair education became a sailor. Although Capt. Mellon has for the past 30 years lived practically retired, he has kept in touch with shipping interests

# Army Officers Can Secure Correct Clothing

As the exclusive agents in Victoria representing Messrs. R. J. Inglis & Co., Canada's largest and leading military tailoring establishment, we are in a position to afford military men exceptional service.

We have for your selection a choice assortment of regulation khaki fabrics, all in excellent qualities.

The cut and finish of every garment made by this famous firm is guaranteed first-class and to conform strictly with military regulations.

Call and let us give you our quotations.

YOU'LL LIKE OUR CLOTHES (Regd.)



Formerly Fitzpatrick & O'Connell

1117 Government St. New Spencer Building

## WANDERERS ARE TIED WITH QUEBEC FOR LEAD

Teams Are Well-Bunched in N. H. A. Race; Canadiens Pass Ottawa

### N. H. A. Standing

	W.	L.	D.	F.	A.	Pts.
Wanderers	9	7	0	20	65	18
Toronto	8	6	2	62	65	18
Canadiens	8	6	4	55	51	17
Ottawa	8	7	0	46	39	16
Toronto	4	11	1	56	69	9

Next Games on Schedule.

Wednesday.

Ottawa at Toronto.

Quebec at Canadiens.

Wanderers at home.

Four teams are well-bunched in the N. H. A. race. Wanderers and Quebec are tied for the league leadership. The Canadiens are running third, just one point behind the rear, and Ottawa are just one point behind the Frenchmen. The Torontos are in the cellar and hopelessly out of the running.

Ottawa, Feb. 14.—One of the largest crowds which ever attended a hockey match assembled at the Arena on Saturday night to see the clash between Ottawa and the Canadiens, which resulted in a win for the visitors, the final score being 5 to 1. Last Wednesday the Canadiens defeated the Senators in a thrilling overtime game, and a great game was expected when they came together for their second clash of the week. All expectations were fulfilled.

Neither team had the advantage in the sensational sixty minutes of play, and only the brilliant work of the goal keepers kept the score down.

The Frenchmen got off to an early lead, scoring two goals in the opening period, Pitra netting the first and Lalonde the second. There was no scoring in the second session, although both goal-tenders were kept on their toes. Early in the third period Corbeau scored a third goal for the Canadiens,

# HIGHLAND CREAM

WILLIAM TEACHER & SONS  
PERFECTION OF OLD SCOTCH WHISKY

Scientifically distilled and of complete maturity, it has a flavor and fragrance found only in whiskies of distinction.

TEACHER'S HIGHLAND CREAM is a passport of healthful reliability and keen enjoyment.

Pither & Leiser, Limited  
WHOLESALE AGENTS  
VICTORIA VANCOUVER, B. C.

# SPORTING NEWS

## RUMORED BROWN WILL TRANSFER BEAVER FRANCHISE TO GREAT FALLS

Judge McCredie Predicts That Northwestern League Will Be Four-Club Circuit; Vancouver Releases Wetell and Signs Calvo

Vancouver, Feb. 14.—It is quite possible that Bob Brown, manager of the Vancouver Northwestern league team, will transfer his franchise to Great Falls this summer. Bob has made no public announcement of his intention, but the persistent rumors now current are believed to have some foundation. Money is looser in Montana now than in Vancouver owing to the conditions brought on by the war, and it would be advisable for the sorely-troubled leader to shift.

Joe McGinnity, of the Tacoma club, is practically sure to go to Butte, Montana, and Brown it is thought will follow suit. Both Tacoma and Vancouver had a hard fight of it last season to pull through the league without being stranded financially, and they do not care to venture another season such as the last.

Predicts Four-Club Circuit.

Portland, Feb. 14.—That the Northwestern league will be composed of only four cities, with Tacoma moved to Butte, is the opinion of Judge McCredie, who knows something about Northwestern league happenings, much to the sorrow of his pocket book.

The Portland magnate intimates that he was given a tip on such a proceeding some time ago, and points to the fact that there is apparently no move to secure another city to make up a six-club circuit, giving every reason to consider that the four-club plan will be adopted.

"It is the only sensible thing to do under the circumstances," said Judge McCredie yesterday. "During these panicky times, better pay four good towns than two more which will only be a drag and hindrance on the league. Tacoma never was and never will be a good baseball town from present indications. Joe McGinnity has lost all he had there since he secured the franchise, and other men before him met a similar fate."

"I believe that Butte can support a Class B ball club, now that the mines are operating. Vancouver ought to manage to get by. Spokane is not a bad ball town, and Seattle should go a long way toward keeping the other

team out to let him go."

Bob Brown announces the sale of

Outfielder Mike Wetell to the San Antonio, Texas, league team. Mike is a

good hitter, good baserunner and a swell fly chaser, but under circum-

stances arising last season when he

was with several other members of the

bad ball town, and Seattle should

have been out to let him go."

London Combination.

Chelsea, 6; Crystal Palace, 1;

Brentford, 2; Woolwich Arsenal, 1;

Bedford, 4; Luton Town, 2;

Midwall, 1; West Ham United, 6;

Watford, 5; Queen's Park Rangers, 6;

Clapton Orient, 1; Fulham, 2;

Tottenham Hotspur, 2; Croydon Com-

mon, 8.

### OLD COUNTRY FOOTBALL

London, Feb. 14.—Following are the results of English football games played Saturday on the grounds of the first named clubs.

London Combination.

Chelsea, 6; Crystal Palace, 1;

Brentford, 2; Woolwich Arsenal, 1;

Bedford, 4; Luton Town, 2;

Midwall, 1; West Ham United, 6;

Watford, 5; Queen's Park Rangers, 6;

Clapton Orient, 1; Fulham, 2;

Tottenham Hotspur, 2; Croydon Com-

mon, 8.

Lancashire Section.

Everton, 2; Preston North End, 9;

Bolton Wanderers, 3; Burnley, 6;

Oldham Athletic, 5; Stockport County, 3;

Southport, 2; Liverpool, 5;

Blackpool, 3; Bury, 1;

Manchester City, 4; Stoke, 2;

Rockdale, 2; Manchester United, 2.

Midland Section.

Bradford City, 8; Hull, 4;

Huddersfield Town, 5; Leeds City, 1;

Lincoln City, 4; Derby County, 6;

Sheffield United, 3; Notts Forest, 1;

Grimbsay, 1; Bradford, 1;

Leicester Fosse, 2; Barnsley, 2;

Nottingham, 3; Sheffield Wednesday, 1;

Glasgow, Feb. 14.—Following are the results of scheduled Scottish league football games played Saturday on the grounds of the first named clubs:

Hearts of Midlothian, 1; Rangers, 2;

Hibernian Thistle, 4; Kilmarnock, 6;

Third Lanark, 2; Raith Rovers, 9;

Ayr United, 2; Aberdeen, 1;

Airdrieonians, 4; Motherwell, 9;

Morton, 8; Hamilton Academicals, 1.

Big List of Boxing and Wrest-

ling Competitors Announced;

Seattle Boys Are Coming

Judging from the heavy early entry list the Red Cross tournament to be held next Friday night at the V. I. A. A. A. headquarters, Victoria West, should be a record-breaking affair.

Entries have been received for classes in the boxing competitions from 105 pounds to heavyweight, as well as entries from the Japanese colony for the jiu-jitsu and fencing competitions.

Since Wednesday last a contingent

of boxers has been working out at the club headquarters and some excellent exhibitions should result Friday night.

Word has been received from Chet

McIntyre, physical instructor of the

Seattle Athletic club, stating that his

boys would be on hand, and that they

would prove worthy opponents for the

local boys. Lonnie McIntosh, the S. A. C. representative who will oppose Al

Davies in the main event, is reported to

be of the Earl Baird type, rugged,

clever and aggressive. He has proved

himself one of the best boys ever

turned out on the Sound. He has had

considerable experience in inter-city

bouts, and as the local boy is conceding him about ten pounds their bout

should be a lightning affair.

Benson, the other S. A. C. representative, who

will oppose Roy Baker in the 115-

pounds class, is the same type of boxer

as his local opponent. Baker is one of

the best boys turned out in Victoria for

some time. This will be his first ap-

pearance in an inter-city bout, and it

is expected that he will make good.

Carpenters started work on the seat-

ing arrangements this morning, and

when completed the V. I. A. A. club-

quarters will prove an ideal location

for singing of boxing tournaments. The

ring has been erected in the centre of

the hall, which gives the spectators an

excellent view of the proceedings.

Tickets for the event go on sale this

afternoon at the Empire, Realty com-

pany office, Fort street, between Dou-

glas and Broad. The balcony has by

request been arranged for the ladies

and their escorts, as late a large

number of the fair sex have become

fight fans and have urged Manager

Davies to arrange for them a section of

the hall.

The following entries have been re-

ceived to date:

Japanese jiu-jitsu and fencing com-

petitions as follows:

Jiu-jitsu—K. Nambu vs. R. Yamahita;

M. Kawai vs. K. Yakahashi;

Japanese fencing—E. Kano vs. F. Fugemori; T. Joya vs. J. Kase.

The referee for the jiu-jitsu contests

will be T. Joya and for the fencing, M.

Kawai.

If it is the intention of the Japanese,

most of whom are local merchants, to</p

## PROFESSIONAL CARDS

ADVERTISEMENTS under this head, 1 cent per word per insertion; 2 cents per line per month.

## BATHS

BATHS—Vapor and electric light, massage and chiropody. Mrs. Barker, 412 Fort street. Phone 4478.

## CHIROPODISTS

EALMANT HEAT BATHS, massage and chiropody. Mr. E. M. Barker, from the National Hospital, London, 211 Joliette Building. Phone 2416.

## DENTISTS

DR. LEWIS HALLS Dental Surgeon, Jewel Block, cor. Yates and Douglas streets, Victoria, B. C. Telephones 521-522, residence 122.

DL. W. F. FLASHER, 391-2 Stewart-Peace Block, Phone 4204. Office hours, 9.30 a.m. to 6 p.m.

## ELECTROLYSIS

ELECTROLYSIS—Fourteen years' practical experience in removing superfluous hairs. Mrs. Barker, 211 Fort street.

## ENGRAVERS

HALF-TONE AND LINE ENGRAVING—Engravings for advertising and business stationery. B. C. Engraving Co., Times Building. Orders received at Times Business Office.

GENERAL ENGRAVER, Steel-Cutter and Seal Engraver. Geo. Crofton, 185 Wharf street, behind Post Office.

## LEGAL

BRAISHAW & STACPOOLE, barristers, 81-89, 523 Bastion street, Victoria.

## MEDICAL MASSAGE

ETHEL GEARY, Massages. Vapor steam and tub baths, hand and electric massage, electric and scalp treatment. 201 Yates, Victoria, 2nd Floor. Office No. 19.

## NOTARY PUBLIC

WILLIAM G. GAUNCE, Room 105 Hibben-Bone Block. The Griffith Co., real estate and insurance, notary public.

## NURSING

PRIVATE MATERNITY HOME (licensed), 921 Queen's Ave., Phone Mrs. W. H. Handley, 4632.

## SHORTHAND

SHORTLAND SCHOOL, 1911, Government street, Shortland, typewriting, bookkeeping thoroughly taught. E. A. Macmillan, principal.

## BUSINESS DIRECTORY

ADVERTISEMENTS under this head, 1 cent per word per insertion; 3 insertions, 2 cents per word; 4 cents per word per week; 50 cents per line per month. No advertisement for less than 10 cents. No advertisement charged for less than \$1.

## BUSINESS DIRECTORY

ADVERTISED ELEMENTS under this head, 1 cent per word per insertion; 5 insertions, 2 cents per word; 4 cents per word per week; 50 cents per line per month. No advertisement for less than 10 cents. No advertisement charged for less than \$1.

## TRUCK AND DRAY

VICTORIA TRUCK & DRAY CO., LTD., Victoria and Saanich, 220 Broughton St. Telephones 15, 4768, 1792.

## TAXIDERMISTS

WEATHER & POW, taxidermists, succeed to Fred. Foster, 629 Pandora, Broad street. Phone 2521.

## VACUUM CLEANERS

HAVE THE AUTO VACUUM for your carpets; satisfaction assured. Phone 4616.

## WOOD AND COAL

WESTERN COAL AND WOOD, 430-1, MacKenzie, prop. C. Cordwood, any length; lump coal, \$7; nut, \$6. Phone 4768.

## Y. M. C. A.

FOR THE BENEFIT of young women in their employment. Rooms and board. A home from home, 756 Courtney street.

## WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER

F. L. HAYNES late watch and chronometer repairer, 115 Yates, Esquimalt, government contractor to the London, Eng., Australian government. High-grade watchmakers and manufacturing jewellers. We specialize in engraving. Best and cheapest house for repairs of every description. 1124 Government Victoria.

## WINDOW CLEANING

DON'T FORGET TO PHONE 1705, James Bay Window Cleaning Co., 641 Government street.

## ISLAND WINDOW CLEANING CO.

ISLAND WINDOW CLEANING CO., 2815. The pioneer window cleaners and janitors, 2509 Government.

## ESQUIMALT DISTRICT

YOU LIKED IT AT SPRATREE? Is that everyone is saying. That is why we are busy all the time. Whether it be drygoods, hardware or boots and shoes you require, phone 4161 and we will deliver you from both ends. We have a good round, our store is well worth a visit. We have something new to show you every time at 311 Esquimalt just against Head St.

## G. E. HODGSON

stationer and newsagent has a good assortment of latest magazines and Old Country papers, also local daily papers. Note the display windows. 319 Esquimalt road, near city limits.

## OAK BAY DISTRICT

AVENUE THEATRE—High-class motion pictures shown nightly at 7 o'clock; matinees Saturdays at 3.

SALE OF DRYGOODS. See the windows for some of our bargains: Mrs. Marche, 4th Fl. St. and Oak Bay Ave.

## LODGES

DAUGHTERS AND MAIDS OF ENGLAND, B. S.—Lodge, Princess Alexandra, No. 28, meets third Thursday 8 p.m. Orange Hall, Yates street, L. Palmer, 111-2 Esquimalt road, W. P. A. Catterall, W. Scy, 1916 Linden avenue.

DAUGHTERS AND MAIDS OF ENGLAND, B. S.—Lodge, Primrose, No. 22, meets fourth Wednesday 8 p.m. in P. Hall, North Park St., President, F. M. Wyman, 227 Pembroke St. A. M. James, W. Scy, 710 Discovery St., Visiting members cordially invited.

SONS OF ENGLAND, B. S.—Alexandra, 116, meets 8 p.m. 1st Wednesdays, 100 P. Hall, Broad street, H. H. Pennington, president, 646 Langford street, Jas. F. Temple, 362 Burkitt avenue, secretary.

SONS OF ENGLAND, B. S.—Pride of the Island Lodge, No. 22, 1st Tuesdays, 1st and 3rd Thursdays, 8 p.m. Hall, B. S. W. Scy, Carpenter, Maywood, P. O., President, Secretary, A. E. Brindley, 1617 Pembroke St., city.

LOYAL ORANGE ASSOCIATION—L. O. L., 1619, meets in Orange Hall, Yates street, second and fourth Mondays, 8 p.m. President, F. M. Wyman, 1122 Leonard St. 1st Vice-President, Jas. F. Temple, 362 Burkitt Avenue.

SONS OF ENGLAND, B. S.—Pride of the Island Lodge, No. 22, 1st Tuesdays, 1st and 3rd Thursdays, 8 p.m. Hall, B. S. W. Scy, Carpenter, Maywood, P. O., President, Secretary, A. E. Brindley, 1617 Pembroke St., city.

COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 2, L. O. O. F., meets Far West Victoria Lodge No. 1, Friday, K. of P. Hall, North Park St. A. G. H. Harding, K. R. & S. 16 Promis Block, 1606 Government St.

THE ORDER OF THE EASTERN STAR—Meetings on 2nd and 4th Wednesdays at 8 o'clock in K. of P. Hall, North Park street. Visiting matrons cordially invited.

A. O. F. COURT NORTHERN LIGHT, No. 5953, meets at Foresters' Hall, Broad street, 2nd and 4th Wednesdays, 8 p.m. President, Jas. F. Temple.

LOYAL ORDER OF MOOSE, No. 728, meets at K. of P. Hall, North Park St., second and fourth Tuesdays, Director, A. C. Holmes, 1329 Fern street, G. E. Copeland, secretary, 1329 Mint street, P. O. Box 1617.

DOING AND CLEANING

CHIMNEY SWEEPING—CHIMNEYS CLEANED (15 years' experience in Victoria). Lloyd, Phone 2183A.

CHIMNEYS CLEANED—Defective flues, fixed, etc. Wm. Neal, 1019 Quadra Street, Phone 1919.

## CORSETRY

SPIRELLA CORSETS—Boning—guaranteed rustproof and unbreakable for one year; latest styles for 1915. Corsetters will visit residence by appointment. Mrs. Gordon, 1110, 11th Campbell St., Phone 4466.

ELECTRICAL

FOR PROMPT ATTENTION any electric work. P. Whittall—Phone 2384.

## FISH

FRESH FISH DAILY, also smoked, at 1st floor, 11th and 14th Broad. Phone 4461. W. J. Wrightforth.

WE SUPPLY—nothing but fresh fish. Miller Bros., the Central Fish Market, 613 Johnson street, Phone 2356.

## FURRIER

FRED. FOSTER, 1216 Government street, Phone 1527.

## FURNITURE MOVERS

JEWELLERY, LAMP, furniture and piano movers. Large up-to-date, padded vans, express and trucks. Storage, packing and shipping. Office, 728 View street. Phone 1567. Stable, 597 George road. Phone 2333.

## METAL WORKS

PACIFIC SHEET METAL WORKS—Corrugated work, skylights, metal windows, doors, metal, slate and felt roofing, hot air furnaces, metal ceilings, etc. 1009 Yates street. Phone 1772.

## LIVERY STABLES

DRAY & STABLES, 728 Johnson, Livery, boarding, hacks, express wagon, etc. Phone 132.

## PAWNSHOPS

ARRONSON'S LOAN OFFICE moved to 1015 Government street, next to Colonial Theatre. 125 ft.

## PLUMBING AND HEATING

VICTORIA PLUMBING CO., 1052 Pandora street. Phone 502-1450.

## SAVING OVERHEAD CHARGES

Phone 2568 for cheap plumbing and heating repairs.

PLUMBER—Expert. Phone 53481.

PLUMBING AND REPAIR—Coff work, etc. FORDSON, 1905 Douglas. Phone 500.

FOR PROMPT ATTENTION for plumbing repairs. Phones 226 or 4581. E. F. Geiger.

THACKER HOTEL, Boarding and heating. Prompt prompt attention to 499 Speedy avenue. Phone 2322.

## POTTERYWARE

SEWER PIPE WADE—Feld tiles, ground fire clay, etc. B. C. Pottery Co., Ltd., corner Broad and Pandora streets.

## SCAVENGING

VICTORIA SCAVENGING CO.—Office, 1526 Government street. Phone 662.

## SHOE REPAIRING

FOR SATISFACTION in shoe repairing, try Arthur Hibbs, 618 Trouton street, opposite Colonial Building. Phone 4162.

SHOE REPAIRING prompt, neatly done, reasonably priced. H. White, 1511 Blanshard St., two doors from telephone office.

## APARTMENTS FOR RENT

APTMENT TO LET—McDonald block, Oak Bay Junction. Telephone 3212. 271f MELLOR APARTMENTS, 821 Broughton street, adjoining Royal Victoria Theatre. To let, modern apartments (unfurnished), water and hot water heat ranged. Phone 2524.

## AUTOMOBILES FOR HIRE

INTERVIEW TO AND FROM TRAINS, boats, baggage and passengers. Phone 2241, or 3990, C. C. Smith.

## JUNNEY CALLS

People wishing to hire Junney calls, by the hour or for short trips should telephone Junney Association Garage, number 2981.

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## SONS OF ENGLAND, B. S.—Alexandra, 116, meets at 1st Tuesdays, 1st

## GARDEN CITY SNAP

An extra well-built bungalow of five rooms, bath and pantry, cement basement, septic tank, piped for furnace, all fenced, high and dry. Only one minute from car line. Two lots, size 132x132. Many built-in features. To be sold on terms for \$2,750.

## P. R. BROWN

1112 Broad St.

Insurance Written

Money to Lend

## MASS MEETING OLD VICTORIA THEATRE

TUESDAY, FEB. 15, 8 P.M.

# Crisis in B.C.

REV. G. R. WELCH

REV. DR. MACKAY

REV. A. E. COOKE

REV. J. S. HENDERSON

"People of B. C. Versus Political Corruption"

### Answers to Times Want Ads.

The following replies are waiting to be called for:

15, 177, 196, 1122, 1143, 1152, 1216, 1225, 1309, 1320, 1334, 1336, 1382, 1387, 1391, 1394, 1394, 1401, 1425, 1429, 1434, 1472, 1503, 2303, 2722, 2728, 2729, 2731.

### TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY

**DIGGONISMS**—If you are a diggonist, you, the doctor advises to "See the walters." Diggons Printing Co., 706 Yates street (Metropole Block). See our tinted stationery. We'll emboss your initials also if you wish.

**ALL WORK** entrusted to our Service Dept. is done by practical tailors who know their business. Cooper & Potts, tailors, 706 Yates street.

**FRONTINAT**—Macdonell's Pandora mart, hardware in dressers, buffets, ranges and furniture of all descriptions.

**AN OPPORTUNITY**—Special sale of umbrellas, half-prices or less, all new goods, splendid value. The Umbrella Shop, 199 Pandora street, near Government "Offices," too. 712

**WANTED**—Well furnished house, about 5 rooms, close in; must be modern; careful tenants; state rent. Apply Box 151, Times.

**FURNISHED HOUSEKEEPING ROOMS**—Furnished room and kitchenette for lady and one child; Oak Bay, or Fairfield district, latter preferred. Box 151, Times. 714

**WANTED**—Well furnished house, or small flat, close in. Box 151, Times. 714

**GET A HOME** while they are cheap. We have them to exchange for vacant property. Renting and insurance separate. Real Estate, 706 Yates Street. Finch Building. 714

**SMALL QUANTITY** of 4 ft. cordwood delivered in city in 1/2 cord loads, price \$6.50 per cord. Office, 210 Sayward Bldg. Hours 9 to 5. Phone 2154. 714

**100 ACRES**, prairie farm, to exchange for house or good lots. Box 152, Times. 714

**YOUNG LADY** would like position doing light work from 10 a.m. to 6 p.m. Box 152, Times. 714

**WANTED**—To rent, 4 to 6-room, modern cottage, furnished near Work Point Barracks. Apply Box 1517, Times. 714

**LOST**—Gordon's setter dog, large white spot on breast, answers name of Ted. Return Campbell's Drug Store. Reward. 714

**WANTED**—Furnished house or small flat, close in. Box 151, Times. 714

**WANTED**—To rent, 4 to 6-room, modern cottage, furnished near Work Point Barracks. Apply Box 1517, Times. 714

**WANTED**—Girl for general house work, two children. Apply Phone 2314Y. 714

**WANTED**—A girl for the afternoon and evening, to assist in light house work. Apply 1127 Fairfield road. 714

**MAN WANTED** to drive Overland car. Apply 225 Oak Bay avenue. 714

**HYBRID** and American azaleas and rhododendrons, own root roses, heather, holly, kalmias, cotoneasters, berberis, Japanese perennials, and other choice shrubs. For application see Fraser, Schielet, B. C. 714

**PRIVATE SALES**—Clifford's, dressing table, oak rocker, bed, spring and mattress, wicker chairs, folding cot, baby's walker, kitchen furniture, garden tools, all in good condition. 22 Linden Ave. 714

**HAVE 94 ACRES** choice land, all cleared, in best part of Metchosin, close to school and church, will sell same at a bargain. Will consider an exchange; land particularly adapted for fruit and poultry raising. Swinton & Musgrave, 241 Fort street. 714

**NICE ROOM**, close in, bath and phone, suit one or two men; reasonable. Phone 2168. 714

**APPRENTICE WANTED**—Good class dressmaking and ladies' tailoring. Apply 1132 Fort. 714

**SHELVING**, show cases and fixtures wanted for up-to-date store; give full particulars. Box 233, Times. 714

**LOST**—Thursday, Jan. 27, pair of Fitzroy glasses in case, between Montreal street and High school, via Outer Wharf and Fernwood cars. Reward. Phone 4991L. 714

**TO LET**—Furnished house, hot water. Apply 1127 Denman street, corner Sayward avenue. 714

## LIBERAL ROOMS ARE HIVE OF INDUSTRY

New Quarters in Arcade Building Opened This Morning; Energy and Enthusiasm

Early this morning the new Liberal headquarters in the Spencer Arcade building, corner of Broad and View streets, were opened, and a large band of workers was speedily on hand and deep in the work of preparation for the coming election. The rooms were furnished on Saturday afternoon by a considerable number of workers, who moved the furnishings of the old rooms and the headquarters offices to the larger and more commodious quarters.

These are large separate rooms for each of the five wards, a general office for John Hart, the campaign manager in the bye-election, and the acting secretary of the association, E. F. Kaye, and a private office for the leader of the party, H. C. Brewster. All are comfortably furnished and are well-lighted.

In these the work necessary to organizing the forces of the party for the campaign can be carried on more expeditiously and conveniently than in the old quarters. The vigor with which the work was resumed in the new rooms to-day affords proof of the energy that is being put into the fight and the determination of every member of the party to do all that is in him to win a victory for clear government.

The first of the wards to hold a meeting in the new rooms is Ward One, the members of which are called together to-night at eight o'clock in their room, under the presidency of Dr. Melbourne Raynor. This ward always has been one of the most active in the city in elections, and its old reputation is being well upheld, although there is great rivalry among the others for the place of honor.

The lists, owing to the fact that the Conservatives are responsible for the placing of eleven thousand names there, as the morning paper boasts, are in a deplorable condition. As has been said in these columns on many occasions, there are hundreds of names there which are bogus, but when, at the courts of revision, Liberal agents endeavor to obtain the removal of names of men which should not be there they find it impossible to accomplish this.

Even though the notices sent out through the post office come back to the register of voters with the information that the addressee is "gone" or "not at address" or "city,"

the Conservative agent, W. H. Price, assures the registrar that the man is still in the city—he saw the voter at some indefinite time past, or someone else said they saw him, or he is out working in the bush somewhere and will be back—and as the Liberal agent cannot swear that the man whom very often he is morally certain never had any existence, and in any case never any legal right to be on the list, he actually left the city, the registrar has to give the voter the benefit of the doubt.

Cases have come to light in which the internal evidence point to Conservative agents putting men on the list who have no right to be on the city list, and who never signed an application to have their names put on. So carelessly—or cunningly—has the work that the morning contemporary boasts of been done that men by the dozen are on the lists in two or three wards. Every hotel in the city, but especially in the lower part of town, is crowded, judging by the lists, with men who never lived there. The cabins are crammed, with them as thick as flies. Many of the applications which are filed by the Conservative agents were taken across bar counters, without any inquiry by the bartenders as to the right of the thing but a source of pride or congratulation—apart from its intended usefulness in the way of permitting Conservative election frauds. The mere fact that there are close on sixteen thousand electors on the lists in a city of the size of Victoria is enough to give the fraud away. On the civic lists, which include the names of women owners, there are only 3,000 to-day.

It is believed that the date mentioned in the Times on Saturday as that of the likely polling day here will prove to be right. No writ in either this bye-election or that in Vancouver is issued yet, but it is understood that the date for polling in the latter case is to be the same as in Rossland, February 26.

The minister of public works will have an immense weight to carry in that city in responsibility for railway guarantees, Dominion Trust legislation and other matters. At the last general election he ran third on the Conservative ticket, which was headed by Dr. McGuire. In 1899 he was fourth of the five successful candidates, four hundred behind the attorney-general.

Premier Bowser, it is announced in the Vancouver press, is expected early in the coming week to take part in the election campaign.

Word from Mayor Wilson of Rossland, this forenoon that he has arranged for a series of meetings between this and election day. Several speakers from here and from Vancouver will go to the inland city to assist the candidate there.

### OBITUARY RECORD

### "CRISIS IN B.C."

Mass Meeting to Be Held at Old Victoria Theatre To-morrow Evening When Prominent Vancouver Ministers Will Speak

"The Crisis in B. C." will be discussed by members of the Ministerial Union of the Lower Mainland at a mass meeting to be held in the Old Victoria theatre to-morrow evening at 8 o'clock. The principal speakers will be Rev. G. R. Welch, Rev. Principal Mackay, Rev. A. E. Cooke, and Rev. J. S. Henderson. The meeting will be along the lines of similar successful gatherings held in Vancouver.

A reply is expected from Rev. Dr. MacKay to the attack recently made on him by a local contemporary.

### OBITUARY RECORD

The funeral of Victor Leadbetter, the three-weeks-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Leadbetter, of Hollywood road, Gordon City. The funeral, which is being arranged by the Sands Funeral Co., will take place to-morrow afternoon at 1 o'clock from the above residence, and 2 o'clock services will be held at St. Luke's church. Interment will be made in St. Luke's cemetery.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Susie May Howard, whose death occurred on Feb. 11, will take place to-morrow afternoon at 2 o'clock from the Sands funeral chapel. Rev. Dr. C. T. Scott will officiate. Interment will be in Ross Bay cemetery.

The death occurred this morning of William Howe, a retired officer of the British navy who latterly lived at Gordon City. The deceased, who was 70 years of age, was a native of Derbyshire, England. The funeral will take place from the B. C. funeral parlors on Wednesday, Rev. F. H. Patt officiating.

The funeral of Clarence James Grant, the six months' old son of Mr. and Mrs. Grant, of Wilkerson road, will take place on February 17 from the residence to St. Michael's church, Royal Oak.

### OBITUARY RECORD

The inland revenue department is about to issue one and two-cent war tax stamps in book form, similar to those supplied by the post office department. The books are of the following denominations and size:

Twenty-four one cent stamp, which will sell for 25 cents.

Forty-eight one cent stamp, which will sell for 50 cents.

Twenty-four two-cent stamp, for 25 cents.

Forty-eight two-cent stamp for 30 cents.

Twenty-four four-cent stamp for 50 cents.

Twenty-four six-cent stamp for 75 cents.

Twenty-four eight-cent stamp for 100 cents.

Twenty-four ten-cent stamp for 125 cents.

Twenty-four twelve-cent stamp for 150 cents.

Twenty-four fifteen-cent stamp for 175 cents.

Twenty-four eighteen-cent stamp for 200 cents.

Twenty-four twenty-one-cent stamp for 225 cents.

Twenty-four twenty-four-cent stamp for 250 cents.

Twenty-four twenty-seven-cent stamp for 275 cents.

Twenty-four thirty-cent stamp for 300 cents.

Twenty-four thirty-three-cent stamp for 330 cents.

Twenty-four thirty-six-cent stamp for 360 cents.

Twenty-four forty-cent stamp for 400 cents.

Twenty-four forty-three-cent stamp for 430 cents.

Twenty-four forty-six-cent stamp for 460 cents.

Twenty-four forty-nine-cent stamp for 490 cents.

Twenty-four fifty-two-cent stamp for 520 cents.

Twenty-four fifty-five-cent stamp for 550 cents.

Twenty-four fifty-eight-cent stamp for 580 cents.

Twenty-four sixty-one-cent stamp for 610 cents.

Twenty-four sixty-four-cent stamp for 640 cents.

Twenty-four sixty-seven-cent stamp for 670 cents.

Twenty-four seventy-cent stamp for 700 cents.

Twenty-four seventy-three-cent stamp for 730 cents.

Twenty-four seventy-six-cent stamp for 760 cents.

Twenty-four seventy-nine-cent stamp for 790 cents.

Twenty-four eighty-two-cent stamp for 820 cents.

Twenty-four eighty-five-cent stamp for 850 cents.

Twenty-four eighty-eight-cent stamp for 880 cents.

Twenty-four ninety-one-cent stamp for 910 cents.

Twenty-four ninety-four-cent stamp for 940 cents.

Twenty-four ninety-seven-cent stamp for 970 cents.

Twenty-four one-dollar stamp for 1,000 cents.

The Colder the Weather the More Our Coal Likes It—Gives It an Opportunity to Show Its Superiority Over Other Coals.

**HALL & WALKER**

Distributors Canadian Collieries (Dunsmuir) Ltd. Wellington Coals  
1232 Government Street Phone 83

## BELIEVE STATES IN DELICATE POSITION

Washington Officials Think Govt. Should Delay Decision on Armed Merchantmen

Washington, Feb. 14.—From high official quarters to-day came the intimation that the memoranda received from the German and Austrian governments on armed merchantmen are considered in themselves a sufficient warning to Americans to refrain from engaging passage on merchant ships of the class of vessels affected by the order.

The United States admittedly has found itself to be in a delicate position as a result of its memorandum to the belligerents and the memoranda from the central powers. Should this government approve the position of the Teutonic allies it is believed diplomatic complications with the entente immediately would ensue, and it might even be charged that the United States had committed an unneutral act of benefit to the enemies of the entente. On the other hand, the central powers, it is believed, might be offended should the state department criticize adversely their memoranda, which generally is regarded to be a development of the American memorandum suggesting the disarming of merchantmen. This contained an intimation that the United States itself, because of the changed conditions of warfare on the seas, might decide that armed merchantmen entering American waters were auxiliary cruisers and therefore subject to internment.

By allowing future developments to determine the stand of the United States, it was pointed out to-day, all difficulty could be avoided at this time. It is pointed out that "the danger" of Americans traveling from the United States in British and French ships would be slight in any event, ships of those nationalities entering American waters not being armed.

Berlin's hotels and boarding houses during January accommodated 1,144 foreign tourists, against 1,042 in the same month last year.

## CLAIMS MADE BY BERLIN WAR OFFICE

Germans Say They Took 700 Metres of Trenches in Champagne

Berlin, Feb. 14.—The text of the official statement issued to-day is as follows:

"Western theatre—Lively artillery fights have continued over a great portion of the front. During the night the enemy again directed his fire on Lest and Lievin.

"South of Somme, stubborn fights developed around an advanced and extending saphead of our position. We have up a surrounding attack on our front trenches."

In the Champagne enemy counter-attacks made south of Ste. Marie were repulsed.

"Northwest of Tabor, we wrested from the French by a storming attack a position 700 metres in extent. The enemy left seven officers and more than 300 prisoners in our hands and lost three machine guns and five mines.

"The hand grenade fighting to the east of Maisons-de-Champagne has come a standstill.

"South of Lusse, east of St. Die, we destroyed by a mine-explosion a portion of one of the enemy's positions."

"Near Abmercept, near the French frontier, our troops took French encampments over a front about 400 yards in extent and repulsed night counter-attacks. We took a few prisoners, two machine guns and three mine-throwners.

"Our aeroplane squadrons attacked railway establishments and military encampments of the enemy on the northern portion of the front.

"Eastern theatre—Apart from a few patrol engagements, resulting in our favor, nothing of importance has occurred."

### O'LEARY BESTED LUSTIG.

Minneapolis, Feb. 14.—Johnny O'Leary, of Seattle, defeated Johnny Lustig, of New York, in every round of a 16-round no-decision bout here Saturday night. Lustig substituted for Matty McCue.

## As Business Gets Better

WEEK AFTER WEEK, it behoves every man and woman who wants to get his or her full share of returning prosperity to be sure that no opportunities for profitable enterprise are overlooked. DON'T FORGET THE LITTLE THINGS which often lead to big ones. Many a man has passed by opportunities he thought too trivial for attention, while others by the expenditure of only a few cents on the same opportunities have started forces moving which resulted in thousands of dollars profit. Many a "Want Ad" in the Times, apparently insignificant, has resulted in successes far greater than we even dreamed of.

HERE ARE SOME OF THE THINGS A TIMES "WANT AD" can do for you:

RENT OFFICES  
RENT STORES  
RENT APARTMENTS  
SELL BUSINESSES  
EXCHANGE PROPERTIES  
SECURE CAPITAL  
FIND PARTNERS  
RENT VACANT ROOMS  
SELL HOUSEHOLD GOODS  
SELL AUTOMOBILES  
SELL STORE AND OFFICE FIXTURES  
SELL DOGS AND OTHER PETS  
FIND LOST ARTICLES  
SECURE COMPETENT HELP

THESE ARE JUST A FEW OF THE MANY USES YOU CAN MAKE OF A "Want Ad". THERE'S HARDLY A FAMILY IN VICTORIA WHO CANNOT take advantage in some way or other of the tremendous power of TIMES "WANT ADS" to render service in the affairs of every-day life. Give the matter a little thought and you will see how a Times "Want Ad" can help you.

Then Put Your "Want Ads" in the Victoria Daily Times

## FEES CUT DOWN BY MR. JUSTICE MURPHY

Reduces Allowances to Barristers for Provisional Liquidation of Dominion Trust

Vancouver, Feb. 14.—Mr. Justice Murphy's recent assurance to the creditors of the Dominion Trust company that they need not worry about the bills for legal fees, as these would be limited strictly to what the legal tariff allows, took on a significant meaning this morning when his lordship assisted in carving some scores of items out of the first few pages of the bill for \$7,500 costs originally filed as fees for legal services and disbursements for the nine weeks of the provisional liquidation under C. R. Drayton.

His lordship made repeated protests against charges made against the estate, and at one stage, when the solicitor protested that the charges had been incurred in the salvage of the estate, his lordship retorted warmly:

"Salvage? Yes, I think it is the court that is trying to do the salvaging here."

For a Letter.

Among the items disallowed was a fee to the solicitors for writing a letter from their office in the Rogers building to the liquidator in his office at the Dominion Trust building, notifying him that acting under his instructions they had retained a box at the post office for his mail. Originally legal fees had been charged for instructions to the liquidator to get a drawer at the post office and for attending at the post office to procure the drawer. These items had been struck out by the taxing officer, who, however, had allowed a legal fee for the letter to the liquidator advising him that the drawer had been procured. The latter item was struck out this morning by his lordship, who said:

"Surely the liquidator or one of his clerks might have attended to a simple matter like that himself."

Included in the bill as passed by the court was a fee to the taxing officer were some scores of items in connection with the dozen or so of rival petitions for the winding-up of the company. Messrs. Cowan, Ritchie & Grant, acting for a depositor named Margaret, were successful in their petition before the chief justice, but their bill includes numerous items in connection with each one of the rival petitions, for notifying their own client, conferring with counsel, perusing the rival petitions, supplying copies of their own petition and court orders to the rival petitioners' solicitors, etc.

Judge's Comments.

His lordship ordered all of these items to be struck out at one sweep, and in the course of the argument with J. W. Dixie of the firm of Cowan, Ritchie & Grant, indulged in some comment upon the items thus charged.

"Why should these people get copies of documents at the expense of the estate? They were rival petitioners," said the judge. "The estate should not have to pay hundreds of dollars in costs just because a lot of different legal firms are quarreling over who should get the liquidation."

Mr. Dixie replied that the chief justice had ordered their costs to be paid, and that if they were not in his own firm's bill, they would be in the other firms' bill.

"I have not examined the other bills. They may be charged for by the other solicitors," added J. H. Lawson, Jr., counsel for the creditors.

"You must show me why adverse petitioners may get costs," said the judge. "Suppose every firm in Vancouver had started petitions? You would say you ought to get paid for furnishing copies to them. If one firm could do it, everyone might."

The chief justice allowed a special fee to counsel who opposed the petitioners," said Mr. Dixie. "Surely that ought to allow us to get paid for furnishing cheques to the opposing petitioners."

According to Rules.

"Suppose the chief justice died; I am not going to allow these charges to be made," replied Mr. Justice Murphy. "I am going to act on the rules. These costs should be paid by the unsuccessful petitioners."

I will disallow these items down to the bottom of the page, and all others of a similar nature."

Five items on the second page of the bill, five on the third page and numerous other items on successive pages accordingly were struck out as they were reached. The page-three items included four sets of instructions to oppose four different positions filed on the same day.

His lordship also took up the question of a daily charge of \$10 made for attending the liquidator for three hours, which appeared in addition to numerous other charges for conferences and advice to the provisional liquidator. On one day Mr. Cowan received \$75 for advising the liquidator all day, while Mr. Dixie, for advising the liquidator, also was down for \$10, and in addition there was an item for attending the liquidator three hours, \$10.

Must Have Particulars.

"Ninety-five dollars seems high costs for one day's advice. I must have full particulars. To put in general charges is to leave the estate at the mercy of general charges," commented the judge.

His lordship laid over every one of the charges for general daily attendances in order to obtain particulars and to see that there is no duplication. Mr. Dixie explained the fact that in different pages of the bill there were duplicate charges for attendance on the liquidator by saying that frequently Mr. Cowan was advising the liquidator while he himself and Mr. Grant or other members of the firm were advising some of the department heads, though all were charged as attendance upon the liquidator.

A series of charges made by the Cowan firm for answering inquiries

made to the provisional liquidator by depositors anxious to know if they could get their moneys out were struck out by the judge.

"They had applied to the liquidator for advice and he was entitled to send them to us for advice as to their legal position," argued Mr. Dixie.

His lordship turned up the bill of costs.

"Here are whole day's conferences with the liquidator charged for and repeated charges of \$10 daily for conferences," he said. "Surely someone could have told the liquidator what to tell them on one of these numerous occasions. Six dollars for telling four people here that they can not get their money, I'll strike them out. The liquidator could have told them that himself."

The Man To Pay.

Another item of \$1.50 for informing a Mr. Davis of New Westminster, that the firm could not act for him as it was acting for the liquidator also was struck out.

Dixie is the man to pay that, not these unfortunate creditors," said the judge. "Why should they be charged \$1.50 for sending him on to another lawyer?"

An item of \$5 for "attending" Mr. Baillie on him telling us that he was acting for another petitioner, also was struck out.

"But Baillie was supporting our petition," urged Mr. Dixie.

"Who is Mr. Baillie? Is he a lawyer? Has he got a bill of costs too?" asked the judge.

"Yes, my lord," replied Mr. Dixie.

"Well, why pay him for coming over to talk with you?" asked the judge.

"Well, it all relates to the salvage of the estate," said Mr. Dixie.

"Yes, it looks like salvage to me. I will disallow it," replied the judge.

"What is this charge here?" pursued the court a minute later. "It is said to be for attending the Standard Trust and telling them you had not certain documents. Why could not the liquidator have telephoned over and told him he had or had a clerk write a letter instead of you?" He had a large staff.

"At that time, my lord, we were too busy to consider these things. The work had to be done," said Mr. Dixie.

The question of paying a counsel fee to Mr. Martin for pursuing a rival petition filed by the Tupper firm on behalf of a client named Maxton, also was questioned by his lordship, who said:

"In this estate, paying five or six thousand dollars is it wound up? The estate is not interested in charges incurred by rival law firms trying to get hold of the liquidation. If counsel is interested in seeing that his firm retains the liquidation from its rivals, he must not charge it up against the unfortunate people whose money was swept away in this concern."

"What he is entitled to his costs for his work in salvaging the estate," probed Mr. Dixie.

Court Doing Salvaging.

"Salvaging?" commented his lordship, raising his voice a few shades. "It is the court that does the salvaging, or is here."

The next item was a fee for attending Mr. Dayton to advise him in regard to the collection of rent. A previous item was for attending Mr. Drayton to inform him of the court order for his appointment.

You can not pile up costs that way," said the judge. "Someone went to tell of the court order at a cost of \$2. Why could he not have been advised in regard to the rents at the same time. The item will be disallowed."

On the same day, his lordship later pointed out, in addition to the \$2 for informing the liquidator of his appointment and the \$5 charged for advising him in regard to collecting rents, there was a charge of \$25 for advising him all day and two items of \$15 each for advising him on "various matters."

The question in the resolution also involves whether or not the prohibition interests will take an active part in the bye-elections. The subject is proving a knotty one, for a subcommittee held several meetings about it at the end of last week. At 1 o'clock to-day, after a two-hour meeting, President Rogers announced that no decision had been reached. The meeting adjourned until 8 o'clock this evening, when the matter will be wrestled with again.

## PROHIBITION EXECUTIVE TO MEET THIS EVENING

Vancouver, Feb. 14.—The executive committee of the People's Prohibition movement held a session this morning to discuss the resolution written by Rev. Dr. Mackay at last Wednesday's meeting, which seeks to call on the government for an immediate answer to the demands of the prohibitionists.

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## TAYLOR SAYS HE WILL RUN IN VANCOUVER

Vancouver, Feb. 14.—Former Mayor Taylor to-day reaffirmed his decision to be the third candidate in the bye-election to be held in Vancouver on Feb. 26. He says he will be strictly independent.

Premier Bowser is expected here on Feb. 24, to be a speaker at a meeting to be held in the Orpheum theatre on that date.

Highway Work Under Way.

Victoria, Feb. 14.—Carl Morris of Sapulpa, Okla., knocked out Arthur Peck of Canada in the fifth round of a scheduled fifteen round bout here Saturday night.

During a school tea a kindly lady sat

regarding one of the young guests with evident alarm. Undismayed by the lady's glances, the young hopeful demolished plate after plate of bread and butter and cake. At last the lady could stand it no longer. Going up to the urchin she said: "My boy, have you never read any book which would tell you 'what to eat,' 'what to drink and what to avoid'?" "Why, bless you, am," replied the young gentleman, with his mouth full of cake, "I don't want no book. It's very simple. I eat what I can. I drinks all I can, an' I avoids bustin'."

Standard Lead stockholders have received their regular monthly dividend for January.

## SOLDIERS' FAMILIES

### TO THE DOMINION

Salvation Army Would Send Families of Fallen Fighters of Motherland

Montreal, Feb. 14.—A dispatch to the Gazette from London says:

"A scheme for settling overseas the widows and families of fallen soldiers is the object of the trip to Canada of Commissioner Larib, of the Salvation Army emigration department, who sailed by the Mississauga. Prior to sailing he had interviews with the colonial secretary and the president of the board of trade.

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## Dining Room Living Room and Bedroom Furnishings

These pieces are all good and in first-class shape; many are showroom samples of which we have no longer any stock, and in order to relieve the congestion in our showrooms and make room for new goods we have marked them at prices which will add greatly to their attractiveness.

### Morris Chairs

Two designs in solid quarter-cut oak frames, well made, strong and serviceable, with green velour cushions. Cash ..... \$12.50  
Other designs in mahogany, fumed and Early English oak with cushions in Spanish leather or tapestry. Cash, up to ..... \$22.50  
Morris Chairs, large, roomy, substantial chair; surface-oak frame and green denim cushions. Cash ..... \$11.25

### Living Room or Den Furniture

In solid fumed oak frames, automobile cushions in Spanish leatherette. The frames are very strong and of a very pleasing craftsman design. Arm Chair or Rocker. Cash price \$9.00  
Settee to match ..... \$15.75  
Library Tables in solid quarter-cut fumed oak to correspond with the above set Cash \$16.20  
3-Piece Set solid quarter-cut fumed oak, armchair, rocker and settee, with solid Spanish leather seats; good for years of hard wear. Complete for cash ..... \$47.50  
Pullman Davenport in golden quarter-cut oak; when closed forms a comfortable couch measuring 5 ft. over all; when open forms a full-sized, roomy and comfortable bed. An admirably and easily worked contrivance that appeals to all with whom space is at a premium; for cash ..... \$40.50

### Dining Room Furniture

In solid quarter-cut Early English oak, handsome and commodious buffet with long drawer, cupboards and cutlery drawers; long bevel plate mirror at back, for cash ..... \$38.25  
Large China Cabinet to match, four shelves with grooves for plates; frame and back all quarter-cut oak, for cash ..... \$25.20  
Solid Quarter-Cut Dining Room Chairs to match the foregoing Early English furniture, with solid leather seats. Diner for cash \$2.70. Arm Chair ..... \$4.50  
Dining Room Furniture in solid quarter-cut oak, beautifully grained wood. The Buffet has one long drawer, cupboards and two cutlery drawers and long mirror and shelf; a really beautifully designed and finished piece of furniture. Cash price ..... \$36.00  
Large-Sized China Cupboard, with double doors, four shelves, with grooves for plates, bevel mirror and shelf across top; solid quarter-cut golden oak throughout. Cash ..... \$26.00  
Chairs to match above, solid oak throughout with genuine leather seats; fine design, comfortable and strong. Diner, cash \$3.60. Arm Chair ..... \$5.40

### Odd Chiffonieres

In mahogany or white enamel finish, with good-sized bevel plate mirrors and six drawers, will just provide that extra drawer space you so much require, besides being a piece of beautiful furniture. Cash price ..... \$18.00  
Princess Dresser, dull mahogany finish, long bevel plate mirror, simple and artistic design, for cash ..... \$20.00  
Chiffoniere to match with large bevel mirror and 5 large drawers. Cash ..... \$20.00  
Bedroom Tables in mahogany or golden oak finish. Cash prices from ..... \$2.00

### COMES WEST TO PLACE ORDER FOR TONNAGE

J. L. Luckenbach, Vice-President of Well-Known Steamship Co., Visits Here

J. L. Luckenbach, vice-president of the Luckenbach Steamship company, of New York, one of the oldest and best known steamship lines in the United States, spent the week-end in Victoria and left this afternoon for Seattle.

Mr. Luckenbach, who was accompanied by his wife, displayed any business object in visiting Victoria, but showed in a chat with the Times representative this morning a keen interest in shipping and shipbuilding facilities here, and particularly in the B. C. Mercantile Marine company, the organization which is seeking to create a merchant marine for the province.

The visitor is on the coast in connection with orders for additional ships for the Luckenbach fleet, all of which are named after some member of his family with the exception of a few smaller boats which have been purchased from other firms. Five ships are building for the company in eastern yards, but it is impossible to place another contract for the class of vessel wanted at any of the yards. Hence the visit of the vice-president to the Pacific coast.

Mr. Luckenbach is in negotiation with the Seattle Construction & Drydock company for a large freighter, and expects to award a contract before leaving for the south. Pending the awarding of the contract, however, he was disinclined to discuss the matter further.

"I do not think we shall be able to do anything here," he said, "because the company hasn't the two generations of its operations confined itself to coast to coast trade on the Atlantic seaboard of the United States, beginning with the towage of barges, and developing from one stage to another. Later we started in the New York-San Francisco trade, trans-shipping over the Panama railroad till the canal was open. Since the closing of the canal some of the steamers have reached the Golden Gate by way of the Straits of Magellan. Therefore we could not well build in Canada, although it is a great asset to you to have a firm of international reputation like Yarrow's, Ltd., located in this district."

"It is impossible to do anything with the yards in San Francisco, the Union Iron Works having some 23 vessels under contract, so that the number of contracts we can place on this coast is limited."

"I do not know what the local conditions are with regard to shipbuilding, but in the eastern yards there is a great shortage of skilled labor. The riveters, fitters, etc., have moved to ammunition plants and so on, and cannot be replaced."

"The building of wooden ships at this time is after all a makeshift policy, and would not be seriously entertained, except for the great rise in the price of steel and the necessity of finding 'any port in a storm.'

"For the lumber trade, however, there is no doubt that the boats could easily clear their original cost with the high rates now in vogue."

The Luckenbach company has chartered a number of vessels for the South American trade. "My opinion is that the state of shipping to-day is absolutely abnormal, and a readjustment must come. The fear is that it will come suddenly, disorganizing conditions which now exist. Shipping interests ought to be ready for the reconstruction, which will among other things bring down charter rates to something like a reasonable figure, and in keeping with the actual cost of transportation."

"So great is the demand for ships from Europe that a number of yards in the east have orders from Norway and Sweden for vessels, at about three times the cost in their home countries. Building ships now is in the nature of an experiment, because trade may alter greatly when reconstruction after the war takes place, and we do not know how the situation will readjust itself. Fleets are being enlarged, however, on the expectation that the demand for tonnage will be tremendous."

A fond mother was assisting the little boy the other evening in the mastery of geography lesson, and coming to the description of a desert, which formed part of the lesson to be memorized, she quoted the words of the textbook to the effect that it was "a barren tract." The little fellow repeated the phrase after her, but his air of mystification showed that he hadn't the slightest idea of the meaning conveyed by the group of words, and the better to reach his understanding, she endeavored to simplify the description by defining it as "a place where nothing would grow." The boy's face brightened with the light of awakened intelligence, and the mother, proud and expectant, put the question: "Now, Johnny, what is a desert?" Prompt came the response: "Pa's bald head."

Brown is a melancholy soul. Rumor hath it that once he was crossed in love. At any rate, he is usually pessimistic about things-in general, and always particular as to what he eats. The other day he went into a restaurant, and having scanned the luncheon menu, said to the waiter: "I see you have some calves' hearts." "Yes, sir—yes, sir," agreed the waiter, busily flicking crumbs from the table-cloth. "Well, how about it?" continued Brown. "Are they tender?" "Yes, sir," declared the waiter. "Beautifully tender." Then bring me some," he said. "If there is in the world such a thing as a tender heart, I want it."

Phoenix Stout—2 qts for 25c.

"Father," said the small boy, "what is a demagogue?" "A demagogue, my son, is a man who can rock the boat himself and persuade everybody that there's a terrible storm at sea."

### REOPENS WESTERN DISTRICT CONNECTION

Telephone Company Restores Communication With Goldstream, Colwood, Metchosin

Considerable difficulty has been experienced on account of the weather with regard to the reopening of telephone communication between the city and Goldstream, on the one hand, and the city and Colwood, Metchosin and William Head on the other.

Snow nearly three feet deep has hampered renewal of communication which was severed when the lines were put out of commission by the blizzard nearly two weeks ago. Reference already has been made to the fact that while the city waterworks telephone line remained intact, that to Goldstream broke down, and thus connection with Humpback Reservoir and Sooke lake was suspended.

The menmen who have been working over these routes in the past week have found much damage done by falling trees, particularly between Four-Mile house and Parson's Bridge, and beyond Colwood village.

So little traffic has been over the roads in the past two or three weeks that trail had to be broken in several cases. An effort has been made to press on to the quarantine station so that communication with the immigration officials at the outer wharf could be reopened by Dr. Nelson at William Head. The absence of telephone connection has crippled the handling of overseas boats in the last ten days.

Those residents of the Colwood and Metchosin districts who have service to central town will also be given facilities as soon as possible.

The line gangs report a great deal of snow throughout the district, particularly around Langford lake, with less along the Albert Head road, where the sea breezes can reach the drifts.

Called away one Saturday on urgent business, the vicar of a country parish left the next day's services in the hands of the curate. On his return home, on Monday, he changed to meet an old lady of his congregation. "Well, Mrs. Smith," he said genially, "and how did things go yesterday at church?" "Poorest sermon I ever heard!" replied the old lady candidly.

"There wasn't nothing in it!" Feeling rather perturbed, the vicar continued his walk, and ran across his curate.

"Good morning, John!" he greeted the young man. "I suppose you managed all right yesterday?" "Oh, yes, sir," replied the curate. "And, by the way, as I hadn't time to prepare a sermon of my own, I took the liberty of using an old one of yours!"

In a city boarding house some time ago the guests were working away at the evening meal when Mr. Jones broke through the din of clattering knives and forks. "I was reading of a new cure this morning," he remarked, glancing around the table. "It seems that you take off your shoes and stockings and walk barefooted."

"What do you think of that cure, Mr. Jones?" eagerly interrupted the landlady, who had also read the story. "Do you really think that walking barefooted through grass will make one strong and healthy?" "Well," smiled Mr. Jones, strenuously trying to cut a piece of meat. "I see it has to have made this beef pretty tough."

Liebknecht obeyed the rule. But when the time came for the second war credit to be voted, he tore the rules into shreds, and stood away from the party that had fallen away from its principles. He voted "No," but the members of the reichstag would not allow him to speak. He sent to the presiding officer a paper containing a brief statement of his position. The presiding officers refused to read it; the German papers were forbidden to publish it. Here is what he wrote:

"This war, which none of the people interested wanted, was not declared in the interests of the Germans or of any other people. It is an imperialist war for capitalization and domination of the world's markets; for political domination of important quarters of the globe, and for the benefit of bankers and manufacturers. From the viewpoint of the race of armaments it is a preventive war provoked conjointly by the war parties of Germany and Austria. In the obscurity of semi-absolutism and secret diplomacy, it is also a Bonaparte-like enterprise tending to demoralize and de-

### NO BRAVER MAN THAN LIEBKNECHT

(Toronto Mail and Empire.)

To speak of Karl Liebknecht as "the bravest man in Europe" is a pardonable exaggeration, for there is none braver. To stand alone in the reichstag and denounce the war lords requires not less courage and nerve than to risk one's life on the field of battle. Liebknecht risked not only his life. He willingly destroyed his popularity, his influence, his good name. He dared to tell the German people the truth, or as much of the truth as the reichstag would listen to, and as he spoke he knew that his name would be cursed from one end of the empire to the other. He was betrayed and abandoned by his own comrades. The Socialists publicly disowned him, though he was their most brilliant and valuable member. They read him out of the party, and to-day he is without party or country. One of the most popular picture postcards in Germany shows Liebknecht in a soldiers uniform performing menial labor somewhere in Alsace, where he is said to be doing a menial duty as a member of the Landsturm.

The Failure of Socialism.

Those who have said for years that there could be no great war pointed to the Socialists as the barrier in the way of militarism. They quoted from the principles of Socialism to show that his powerful party would declare a general strike rather than take up arms. They fell the blow. In every country the Socialists rushed to the colors, but as enthusiastically, perhaps, as non-Socialists, but nowhere did they make any attempt to interfere with the will of the people, which was for war. In England one or two stood briefly out, and in France one or two. In Germany, where Socialism was supposed to be better organized and a more powerful political force than anywhere else, only Liebknecht remained true to the principles with which his career had been identified. He did not declare himself when the German chancellor asked the reichstag for the first war credit. He made his fight against the war in the caucus of his own party, and losing, remained dumb in the reichstag, for, according to the rules of the Socialists, they vote as a unit. A member is not free to break away publicly or openly oppose the decision of the majority.

Denounced the War Lords.

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stroy the growing labor movement. That much is clear despite the cynical stage-management designed to mislead the people. This is not a defensive war. I protest against the violation of Belgium and Luxembourg, against the annexation schemes, against military dictatorship, against the complete forgetfulness of social and political duties as shown by the government ruling classes."

His Father's Son.

Not in history was there a more dramatic example of a son holding aloft the torch lit by his father. William Liebknecht was one of the founders of the Socialist party. He fought against the militarism of old Emperor William. He protested in the reichstag against the annexation of Alsace, and served bitter years in prison for his courage. Karl is a worthy son of that brave old warrior. The boy grew up in an atmosphere of intellectual independence and freedom, and, after becoming a lawyer, published a book upon militarism that landed him in prison. On his release he was elected to the Prussian chamber of deputies. In 1912 he was sent to the reichstag, right from the electorate of Potsdam, from under the palace windows, as it were. The election was a great blow to the kaiser, and he has hated Liebknecht ever since.

Exposing the Krupp.

His hatred increased as Liebknecht made one sensational exposure after another. He showed, for instance, that the Krupp paid government officials to supply them with tenders for munitions submitted by other armament makers. He showed the existence of an international armament ring, and of Krupp-owned newspapers in France, which at a given signal would insult Germany, creating an international "incident" and more demands for guns. He showed that military titles and university professorships were bought and sold, and that when Max Harden exposed the "Camarilla" he touched but the fringe of rotteness. When the war came he alone in Germany kept the faith. His name may be remembered when even the name of Hindenburg is forgotten.

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Eagle Spaghetti, per pkt..	15¢
Skinner's Macaroni, per pkt..	15¢
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Skinner's Alphabetos, pkt..	15¢
Vittuce Spaghetti, 2 pkts.	35¢
Vermicelli, Extra Taganrok, per packet	25¢
Heinz Spaghetti, per tin..	20¢
Beef Tea, for invalids, tin..	35¢

## BOOKS AND MAGAZINES EXCHANGED

At 118 Fort Street,

## THE EXCHANGE

## WILL COUNCIL FAVOR SERIAL BONDS ISSUE?

Financial Discussion Promised This Evening; Estimates Await Attention

Many people are interested in pro-posing what financial scheme will be evolved out of the discussion on the local improvement situation in city council this evening. The motion to go into committee of the whole shows that no cut and dried scheme is in the minds of the members of the finance committee. One of the schemes which probably will be favored is that providing for serial debentures, which recently have been receiving careful attention of the mainland municipalities. These debentures are not fully understood by the average citizen, but they are becoming fashionable in the money market. There is no sinking fund in connection with this plan, the total amount of the loan being extinguished annually in equal installments, and the principal and interest in each year being as nearly equal as possible.

There is nothing of importance in the regular routine of the council, but the discussion on the above topic will probably occupy some time. Further inquiries from the commission of conservations have been forwarded as to local conditions.

The consideration of the civic estimates may be proceeded with this evening, the council being awaiting the return of the mayor. Experience has shown that much greater progress is made on evenings when there is nothing else to do than when the minister of militia asking that permission be granted to have the 107th equipped and trained at some point in the East Kootenay district. It was pointed out to him that the district already had raised three battalions, and the men had been sent to some outside towns as they were enlisted.

### NANAIMO MAN HONORED.

Gunner E. G. Hutton, Nanaimo, has been awarded the distinguished conduct medal for bravery at Loos, where he lighted five bombs and jumped over the parapet of a trench with a bombing party. He and one other were the only men who returned from the assault.

Gun. Hutton was a reservist, and was one of the first to go when war broke out. He was drafted into the third division of the Royal Horse Artillery and soon went to the front. He was recommended to special distinction by Field-Marshal Sir John French.

### SILVER SPRING BEER, 2 qts. for 25¢.

Teacher—"Jimmy, in the sentence, 'The fire is low; make it burn,' what punctuation mark is needed?" Practical Pupil—"Colon."

Nodd—"I think that doctor of mine will give us something to stop the baby's crying now." Todd—"Why?" Nodd—"I'm going to move next door to him."

## TEETH THAT ARE PERFECT



THE loss of the teeth which nature endowed you with is certainly to be regretted from one point of view, but what good purpose can be served by retarding teeth which are in such a deplorable state of decay as to be a serious menace to your general health?

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## AMERICAN BRIGADE IN CANADA AUTHORIZED

Five Thousand Men Are to Be Recruited From East to West in Dominion

American-born soldiers are to be given an opportunity to serve Canada in the present war according to an announcement by the minister of militia, Major-General Samuel Hughes. The minister has authorized the formation of a brigade of 5,000, and Major C. Seymour Bullock, late of New York and now of the 9th Battalion, American Legion, is to undertake the recruiting campaign. Enlistment is open to men of American birth or parentage.

General Hughes has ordered the military authorities to open recruiting offices in Vancouver, Calgary, Saskatoon, Winnipeg, Fort William, Toronto, Montreal, Quebec, St. John and Halifax.

### FIFTY BANTAMS HERE

First Members of 143rd Battalion Arrive To-night From Vancouver.

The first members of the Bantam battalion will arrive here to-night from Vancouver to go into the temporary quarters of the 143rd in the Prince Rupert house, Bastion square. There are about fifty of them who have been attached to one of the Vancouver regiments for some time.

The temporary quarters have been prepared for them by headquarters of officers of the battalion, and with this number of men ready a start soon will be made on the barracks at Beacon Hill park.

Recruiting has begun in Victoria for the Bantams. Undersized men enlisted in other battalions will be allowed to transfer to the Bantams if they wish.

### REMOVE TO PANTAGES.

88th Victoria Fusiliers (C. E. F.) Band Now Holding Weekly Concerts at Well Known Playhouse.

The many patrons of the band concerts given each Sunday evening by the 88th Victoria Fusiliers band exhibited considerable interest in the removal of the performance last evening to Pantages theatre, where future concerts also will be held. In making this arrangement Bandmaster Rumsby had in mind the need of more commodious quarters owing to the popularity of the entertainments by the band, and last evening's performance was a delight to all. The theatre has splendid acoustic properties, and with two such outstanding artists as Mrs. Roy Trout and Ernest Patch for the vocal soloists the event was assured success. The former sang Landon Ronald's beautiful composition, "An April Birthday," and a charming modern ballad by Haydn Wood, in her rendering of which she exhibited all those rare qualities of voice and finesse of rendering which have made the artist so well-known.

Mr. Patch gave a fine fine rendering of J. D. A. Tripp's new patriotic song, "Hark! Britain, Hail!" a rousing composition in march time which is already being heard among the soldiers. The band had a number of excellent selections to prove its ability, among them being the ballet music from "William Tell," and a fantasia entitled "A Voyage on a Troop Ship." Under the persuasive baton of Bandmaster Rumsby these numbers especially appealed, although every number on the programme won favor. The accompanist for the soloists was Mr. Gaskill.

### LIEUT. HOLMES HONORED.

The rank of temporary captain has been conferred on Lieut. W. D. Holmes, of Victoria, who was awarded the D. S. O. and the Military Cross by King George at Buckingham Palace on January 15. Capt. Holmes is with the 7th Canadian Infantry Battalion.

Writing to his father, Capt. Holmes said that his majesty, in making the investiture of the two orders, said it was the fifth double decoration he had given.

The letter gives the information that Lieut. McIlroy, of Victoria, attended the investiture, and that Capt. Holmes had met Lieut. Despard Penberthick, of Victoria, in London.

### OFFICERS PASSED.

The result of the examination of officers in the Western Scots last Thursday is announced as follows:

Qualified for rank of field officer—Lieut. A. C. Sutton and Lieut. A. H. Carey.

Qualified for rank of captain—Lieut. C. Schreiber, Lieut. S. H. Okell, Lieut. G. R. D. Wooster and Lieut. B. McDermid.

Qualified for rank of lieutenant—Lieut. W. F. Cooke, Lieut. A. A. Gray, Lieut. J. Falkner, Lieut. R. A. Blyth, Lieut. A. M. Hall and Lieut. H. S. Thain.

### OFFICERS OF 143RD.

Additional officers approved by the militia department at Ottawa for the 143rd battalion are as follows: Capt. J. H. Roaf, formerly with the Corps of Guides; Lieut. J. Gordon Smith, formerly with the 5th Regiment; Lieut. J. G. Forrest, transferred from 50th Regiment; Lieut. O. Lincham, from 6th Regiment; Lieut. G. de L. Peck and Lieut. D. F. Pickens, transferred from 69th Regiment; Lieut. J. Mayor, formerly with 50th; Lieut. H. Kennedy, formerly with 67th; Hon. Capt. W. White, paymaster; Hon. Capt. M. Raynor, medical officer.

### PHOENIX BEER—2 qts. for 25¢.

Parson—"Why, Willy Wilson! Fighting again? Don't you know that when you are struck on one cheek you ought to turn the other to the striker?" Willy—"Yes, sir. But he hit me on the nose, an' I've only got one."

## SAW GREAT FIRE IN DOMINION'S CAPITAL

Dr. S. F. Tolmie Returns to Victoria After Extensive Trip; Attended Conferences

One of the very first people to arrive in Victoria after having actually seen the parliament buildings at Ottawa on fire is Dr. S. F. Tolmie, Dominion Livestock commissioner for British Columbia. Dr. Tolmie arrived in the federal capital the morning after the fire, and went out about 9 o'clock to see the buildings. They were still burning, and a corps of firemen was pouring streams of water into the smouldering flames which were even then indicated in the jets of smoke breaking intermittently from some part of the charred and scarred ruin.

"Apparently the fire was very rapid," he told a Times reporter this morning. "Several members of the house to whom I spoke, and who were in the building at the time that the fire broke out, seemed to be divided in opinion as to whether it was of incendiary origin or not. But all agreed that the flames progressed so rapidly that no one had any time to secure any of his personal belongings, but made his escape as best he could. Much regret was expressed at the injury suffered by Hon. Mr. Burrell. It was expected at that time that he would be confined to his home for some time as the result of his burns."

Dr. Tolmie stated that the most apparent injury to the buildings was in the roof, sections of which had fallen in, while practically all of this part of the structure was very much charred, and gave a sinister aspect to the whole structure. There was quite a sharp frost, and snow on the ground, but even at that early hour there were crowds of citizens standing outside the line cordoned off by a guard of soldiers and police watching the smouldering ruin.

At El Paso

The Dominion livestock commissioner for British Columbia left here about three weeks ago to attend the meeting of the American National Livestock stock association held recently at El Paso, Texas, going there in the capacity of delegate from the Western Canada Livestock union, which represents the associations of the four western provinces. He was delayed nearly two days by washouts and incidental mishaps, and arrived only on the last day of the meeting but had a big and attention audience when he delivered his address on "Livestock Conditions in Western Canada."

The American National Livestock association, he said, represents the producing end of the livestock industry for practically all the states west of the Mississippi, and among the several hundred delegates were men whose holdings were up to a million acres in extent, and who counted their cattle in tens of thousands."

"Many matters in connection with the livestock industry were discussed, but the principal one from our standpoint in Canada as well as over there was the matter of market. The Western Canada Livestock union, as a matter of fact, sent a representative with a view to securing the information in this connection from the older and larger association, feeling that market conditions were the same on both sides of the line. The producers feel that there is too great a margin between the price received by the grower and the cost of the product to the consumer. It is the purpose of the association to use every means to have this adjusted, for the price of beef at present has considerably affected the consumption. During the last five years, for instance, the per capita consumption has fallen off from 162 lbs. to 145 lbs.—nearly 11 per cent decrease."

Dr. Tolmie is making a report of this Texas meeting for the Dominion Livestock branch and also for the livestock union.

Met Growers.

"A number of packers and packers' representatives were invited to attend the convention, and an interview was held with them by representatives of the growers' association.

As a result the growers decided to begin a campaign with a view to improving marketing conditions and to increasing the consumption of meats. In doing this they purposed a publicity campaign which would fully expose the various phases of production and distribution with the idea of enlisting the support of the meat-consuming public. And besides publicity the association is securing the best legal talent to abet their work, and will publish a newspaper of their own giving correct market conditions.

From the conference at El Paso, Dr. Tolmie proceeded to Toronto, to attend the meetings of the various livestock associations held there during last week. Incidentally he was elected fourth vice-president of the Dominion Holstein Breeders' association by acclamation.

At all these meetings he states, better representation from the west of Canada was strongly urged by the delegates from this part of the Dominion. Before leaving the Ontario capital he also attended the meeting of the Live Stock Union, which discussed many matters of vital interest to stock men throughout the country.

After his visit to Ottawa Dr. Tolmie went direct to Buffalo, N. Y., where he visited the famous Holstein herd belonging to Oliver Cabana. This herd comprises the champion butter-producing Holstein, which in a single week gave milk which yielded 44 lbs. of butter—an average of 6 lbs. per day. At

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## 26 Pretty Silk Dresses to Sell To-morrow at

**\$9.75**

Regular Values, \$25.00 to \$50.00

Just 26 of these—they won't last long—so of course you should come as early as you can. They are pretty, every one of them, and you will be greatly surprised at the beautiful materials and the lovely colorings. Silk crepes, rich broche, faille silk, taffeta silk, foulard, messaline and heavy crepe de chine are among the materials; while such popular colorings as Labrador blue, navy, saxe, green, rose, strawberry, black, grey, taupe and cherry red are to be noted. Five dresses picked haphazard are briefly described below, and should give some idea of the great values offered.

Regular price \$50.00—Material is navy foulard with a pretty floral design. The shoulders and sleeves are of net covered with navy chiffon. The collar and cuffs of pretty filled lace give a nice finishing. Sale price \$9.75

Regular price \$31.25—A beautiful dress of silk crepe of strawberry color with a pretty Dolly Varden design. A girdle and tie is of green messaline silk. The blouse is made with Raglan sleeves and the skirt is made with a three-tier pepum. Sale price \$9.75

Regular price \$50.00—A rich silk broche in a beautiful tone of rose with a green design in the material used. The blouse is made with a smart vest effect. A collar and girdle is of green silk to match.

The sleeves from the elbow to the cuffs are of lace. Sale price \$9.75

Regular price \$35.00—Crepe de chine of a rich currant color is the material. The skirt is made with a yoke edged with a wide flounce. A girdle is shown of brocaded silk in tones to match. The blouse is trimmed with shadow lace. Sale price \$9.75

Regular price \$25.00—A simple but pretty dress of navy taffeta. It is made with dropped shoulders. A wide, plain girdle and is trimmed with ecru lace and fancy buttons, \$9.75



the head of the same herd is another Holstein for which the owner paid \$25,000. Despite the reputation of Mr. Catana's cattle, however, Dr. Tolmie thinks that the Colong farm cattle at Essendale, B. C., compare very favorably.

Jubilant Over Crop.

Coming westward the live stock commissioner stopped off at Winnipeg and conferred there with representatives from the Live Stock exchange and the Live Stock Shippers' association. Everyone there is still jubilant, he declares, over the great crop harvested last autumn, which averaged over 26½ bushels to the acre. "There is a pronounced shortage of men in Western Canada for farming in the forthcoming season," he added, referring to the possibility of another record crop in the wheat-producing belt.

Questioned as to the general financial aspect throughout Canada, Dr. Tolmie stated that after talking to delegates from every part of the Dominion, men who came from the farming communities and the big-centres alike, he was impressed with the satisfactory condition of business affairs generally. He called attention to the fact that a large amount of hay was being shipped from western Canada for the use of the allies. The hay was being compressed into small packages by special machinery for the purpose of simplifying its shipment, and there was no doubt, he stated, that if satisfactory transportation rates could be secured, British Columbia might derive some benefit during the coming year from the demand for this commodity by the

Ruggs—"I notice when you go to the basement you always take two matches to light the gas." Wuggs—"Certainly! If you carry one match it will go out, but if you carry two the first one never fails."

"Did you use that money you put by for a rainy day in the way you intended?" "Not exactly. But I came as near using it in that way as I could. I bought watered stock with it."

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